The Massillon Independent.

ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY. MASSILLON, OHIO THURSDAY JULY 30, 1896. XXXV—NO. 19

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATTORNEYS.

ROBERT H. FOLGER, Attorney at Law, U. S. Commissioner, Commissioner of Deeds for New York and Pennsylvania, and Notary Public Office second floor over Rudolph's jewelry store. South Erie street, Massillon, O: Will give strict attention to all business entrusted to his care in Stark and the adjoining counties.

BANKS.

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Massillon Ohio Jos. Coleman, President, J. H. Hunt, Cashier.

PHYSICIANS:

DR. W. H. KIKLAND, Homeopathic Practice. Office No. 55 East Main street, Massillon, Ohio. Office open day and night.

HARDWARE.

S. A. CONRAD & CO., Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, etc., Main street.

MANUFACTORIES.

RUSSELL & CO., manufacturers of Threshing Machines, Portable, Semi-Portable and Traction Engines, Horse powers, Saw Mills, &c.

MASSILLON ROLLING MILL, Jos. Corns & Son, Proprietors, manufacturers of a superior quality of Merchant Bar and Blacksmith Iron.

MASSILLON GLASS FACTORY, manufactures Green Glass Hollow Ware, Beer Bottles, Flasks, &c.

MASSILLON IRON BRIDGE CO. Manufacturers of Bridges, Roofs and General Iron Structures.

GROCERIES.

D. ATWATER & SON. Established in 1882 Forwarding and Commission Merchant and dealer in all kinds of Country Produce. Ware house in Atwater's Block, Exchange street.

JEWELERS.

C. F. VON KANEL, East Side Jewelry Store East Main street.

JOSEPH COLEMAN dealer in Watches, Clocks Jewelry, Silverware, Musical Instruments, etc. No, 5 South Erie street.

B G B

We're keeping right at this

shelf emptying

—it's got to be a clean, clear job, and nothing like prices. when you' ve ice goods to sell, to do wonders in ay—and it's nice goods, choice nd quality we're asking attention s store steers clear of every other as sampes will plainly show—

—you never had a chance to make money easier

We'll tell about only six things this time and trust to your interest in your own pocketbook to write and find out about any other goods that's more to your liking—the samples will go to you quick enough when you let us know you want them—people here to do nothing else.

3,000 yards choice Fancy Silks, 50c a yard—stripes with checks between—dollar silks like these for half price is convincing evidence of advantage for you if you'll see samples.

New Japanese Plaid Silks at 25c.

Sheer Dainty Organdies, 25c ones—white grounds with 1/8 or 1/4 inch solid colored stripes: blue, yellow, green, violet or brown—15c.

Good and pretty **American Organdies, 10c, 12½c, 15c.**

Largest line Imported Organdies at 30c

White Nainsook—medium sized check—5c.

Armure Chevio tes—30 inches wide, solid blue or pink, 5c.

BOGGS & BUHL,

ALLEGHENY, PA.

A Superbly Appointed Train.

Undoubtedly the handsomest train between Chicago and St. Paul, Minneapolis, the Superiors and Duluth is the "North Western Limited," which leaves Chicago at 6:30 p. m. daily via the North Western Line (Chicago & North Western Ry). Its equipment, which is entirely new throughout, and embraces compartment sleeping cars, buffet, smoking and library cars, standard sleeping cars, dining and ladies' coaches, has every luxury which imagination can conceive or mind invent for the comfort and convenience of passengers. All agents sell tickets via the Chicago & North Western Ry. For full information apply to agents of connecting line, or address W. B. Kniskern, G. P. and T. A., Chicago, Ill.

Low Rate Excursions South.

On the first and third Tuesday of each month till October about half-rates for round trip will be made to points in the South by the Louisville & Nashville Railroad. Ask your ticket agent about it, and if he cannot sell you excursion tickets write to C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky., or Jackson Smith, D. P. A., Cincinnati, O.

Eczema in any part of the body is instantly relieved and permanently cured by Doan's Ointment, the sovereign remedy of all itchiness of the skin.

When we consider that the intestines are about five times as long as the body, we can realize the intense suffering experienced when they become inflamed. DeWitt's Colic & Cholera Cure subdues inflammation at once and completely removes the difficulty. S. T. Baltsly and G. B. Fulton.

BRYAN STILL SILENT.

Won't Talk About the Populist Nomination.

SAYS THE FUTURE WILL DECIDE.

A Prominent Populist Says His Party Wants to See Sewall Win—Democratic Chairman Jones' Plan of Fusion Received With Favor.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 29.—Mr. Bryan has received a number of telegrams containing suggestions in regard to the action of the Populist convention and to all of them he responded, in effect, that he will act with deliberation, and that nothing will be done which can be justly criticised by any of the elements who are sincerely interested in the success of the cause of bimetallism.

In his replies to these expressions he earnestly advises all friends of the cause in all parties to refrain from criticism of those who, however widely they differ, otherwise occupy common ground in desiring the immediate restoration of free coinage of silver. Mr. Bryan expresses the utmost confidence that a wise and gratifying solution of the perplexing conditions will be presented and adopted in due and good time, and that the solution will be both honorable and satisfactory to all parties. Further than this Mr. Bryan declined to talk in relation to the situation. Every entreating inquiry calculated to fathom his plans or purposes met with the simple response: "I must decline to be interviewed concerning the St. Louis convention or its results."

J. W. Blake, formerly chairman of the Populist state central committee in this state and an active factor in Nebraska Populism, thinks he can see a way out of the present entangling alliance of the Democrats and Populists in she arrangement of the electoral ticket to that but one set of candidates will be necessary. His plan is the same as that suggested by Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee. He says that the selection of the candidates for the electoral college must be left to the good sense of the Populists and Democrats of the respective states.

"The Populists have nominated Mr. Watson," he said, "merely to preserve the identity of the party. Populists will not care, in most of the states, if all of the electors put upon the joint ticket are Sewall men. This is especially true in the northern states, and in the southern states it will make little difference, as far as Bryan is concerned. Even if the vote on Bryan and Sewall is divided in the electoral college, there is not any doubt that the Sewall votes will be largely in the majority. The tickets will be put up in the respective states with the agreement that if the Democratic vice presidential candidate has more supporters in the electoral college than the Populist candidate, the votes for the latter shall be cast for the former, and vice versa."

Mr. Blake says that there will be no perplexities arising from the nomination of Watson, and that Mr Bryan will probably never have to either accept or reject the Populist nomination, as it is the plan of the Populist to elect Mr. Sewall.

THE PEOPLE AFTER FACTS.

Treasury Department Prepares a Circular on Financial Matters.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—So numerous are the questions brought to the treasury by every mail seeking information relative to financial and currency matters that the overworked clerical force of the director of the mint has been totally unable to answer them.

All available copies of the report of the directors for last year, which contained tables and information and would answer a large portion of the queries have been exhausted and at last the department has hit upon the device of printing a circular containing in succinct form statements of facts relative to the coinage, bullion production, circulation per capita in various countries and such information as will meet the needs of the many persons who are now seeking facts on which to base conclusions respecting the issues of the campaign.

The matter embodied in this circular has been carefully considered and has the approval of the secretary of the treasury. It is expected that the circular itself will be received from the printer for distribution about the end of the week.

WATSON MEANS TO STICK.

Why He Reversed His Decision Regarding Going on the Ticket.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Thomas E. Watson, candidate for vice president on the Populist ticket, in a Telegram from Thomson, Ga., to The Herald, says:

"Our executive committee must decide the question of dividing electors. If Mr. Bryan accepts our nomination and Mr. Sewall should retire, Texas Populists would probably be content with Bryan and Watson, even though Bryan did not endorse all the platform.

"I was absolutely sincere when I said I would not accept either place on the Populist national ticket. After the convention met and the fusion strength developed it seemed that our party would be swallowed up by the Bryan forces, and to have gone into the presidential campaign with no Populist national ticket meant death to the People's party.

"The Georgia delegation then telegraphed me, urging me to allow the use of my name to harmonize the factions and save the party. I consented and I will abide the consequences. When I said I would not accept I did not dream that such a crisis could possibly come upon our party."

New York Democratic Convention.

NEW YORK, July 29.—The Democratic state convention has been called to meet at Buffalo on Sept. 16.

MONEY THE ISSUE.

Democrats Will Consider Nothing Else. Many Speakers.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—It is regarded quite likely that the Democratic national committee will select Washington for their principal headquarters and will have a branch in the west. Senator Dubois of Idaho, it is expected will be a member of the national executive committee and will have charge of the western end of the campaign.

It is not the intention of the Democratic managers to recognize any issue except the money question in the campaign. They will endeavor to keep that steadily to the front, and will put an immense force of speakers in the field. All the bolting Republican senators and representatives intend to take the stump.

TO LEAD GOLD DEMOCRATS.

Secretary Morton Said to Want the Presidential Nomination.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 29.—There is a well defined rumor afloat in this city that Nebraska will present another candidate for president. J. Sterling Morton, secretary of agriculture, has been in Nebraska for a week or more at Arbor Lodge, his farm home near Nebrasky City.

It had been reported that he was here to check the tendency of Democratic federal officeholders to gather

J. STERLING MORTON.

about the Bryan free silver standard, but it has been generally reported in this city that he is here to pave the way to a presidential nomination. Mr. Morton contemplates announcing himself as a candidate for the presidential nomination at the hands of the gold standard Democrats.

Thinks Bryan Will Accept.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 29.—Gover Holcomb says he believes Mr. Bryan will accept the Populist nomination, and as he had lately held a lengthy interview with him, the governor's opinion is worthy of a great deal of weight. The muddle over vice president, he said, would be settled by fusion in different states, Sewall and Watson to take their chances in the electoral college. In Nebraska, the governor said, there would certainly be fusion.

Victims of Giant Powder.

VICTOR, Colo., July 29.—The explosion of 50 pounds of giant powder in Victor avenue has seriously damaged four business blocks. Many people were bruised and cut, but none killed.

YESTERDAY'S LEAGUE GAMES.

At Cincinnati—										R	H	E
Cincinnati	1	0	0	1	4	2	0	0	1—	9	10	1
Cleveland	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	2	0—	8	10	5

Batteries—Peitz and Dwyer; Zimmer, Wilson, Young and Tebeau. Umpires—Lally and Behle. Attendance, 7,300.

At Philadelphia—										R	H	E
Phila	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	5	0—	6	6	4
New York	3	0	2	0	2	2	0	1	0—10	14	3	

Batteries—Clements and Keener; Wilson and Meekin. Umpire—Sheridan. Attendance, 5,300.

At Brooklyn—										R	H	E
Brooklyn	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—	3	5	2
Washington	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	3	1—	7	12	6

Batteries—Grim and Kennedy; McGuire and McJames. Umpire—Hurst. Attendance, 1,500.

At Chicago—										R	H	E
Chicago	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	*—	2	5	1
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—	1	5	2

Batteries—Donohue and Terry; Merritt and Killen. Umpire—Emslie. Attendance, 2,900.

At Boston—										R	H	E
Boston	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1—	3	9	0
Baltimore	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—	3	5	3

Batteries—Bergen and Sullivan; Clarke and Pond. Umpire—Lynch. Attendance, 3,500.

At St. Louis—										R	H	E
St. Louis	2	3	0	4	1	4	1	5	*—20	18	0	
Louisville	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	2—	5	12	13

Batteries—McFarland and Donahue; Dexter, Miller, Cunningham and Holmes. Umpire—Betts. Attendance, 1,500.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W	L	Pc		W	L	Pc
Cincinnati	61	26	.701	Phila	37	44	.457
Baltimore	52	27	.658	Brooklyn	37	45	.451
Cleveland	53	30	.639	Wash	34	44	.436
Chicago	51	38	.573	New York	33	47	.413
Pittsburg	44	38	.537	St. Louis	26	57	.317
Boston	43	37	.537	Louisville	21	59	.260

Games Scheduled Today.

Cleveland at Cincinnati; Baltimore at Boston; New York at Philadelphia; Pittsburg at Chicago; Washington at Brooklyn and Louisville at St. Louis.

Yesterday's Interstate Game.

At Wheeling—Wheeling, 10 runs, 16 hits, 6 errors; Jackson, 5 runs, 8 hits, 4 errors. Batteries—Garvey and Davis; Miller and Myers.

At Washington—Washington, 6 runs, 13 hits, 1 error; Saginaw 3 runs, 10 hits, 4 errors. Batteries—Dinsmore and Mitchell; Miller and Northwang.

At Youngstown — Youngstown, 9 runs, 13 hits, 1 error; Ft. Wayne, 4 runs, 9 hits, 4 errors. Batteries—Brodie and Zinram; Knell and Quinn.

At New Castle—New Castle, 7 runs, 9 hits, 1 error; Fort Wayne, 2 runs, 3 hits, 3 errors. Batteries—Brown and Donovan; Keenan and Arthur.

Interstate Games Scheduled Today.

Toledo at New Castle; Ft. Wayne at Youngstown; Saginaw at Washington and Jackson at Wheeling.

Interstate League Standing.

	W	L	Pc		W	L	Pc
New Castle	7	2	.778	Wash'ton	4	5	.444
Youngsto'n	7	3	.700	Ft. Wayne	3	6	.333
Wheeling	6	3	.667	Jackson	3	8	.273
Toledo	5	3	.625	Saginaw	3	8	.273

ROBED FOR DEATH.

Merrymakers In White Are Drowned at Cecil, Pa.

HOUSES SWEPT AWAY BY A FLOOD.

The Recent Cloudburst Carried a Hotel Into a Raging Creek—Seven Out of 13 Drowned—Were Waiting to Go to a Dance When the House Was Struck.

PITTSBURG, July 29.—The cloudburst and storm in this section caused more loss of life than was at first supposed.

At Cecil, in Washington county, 13 people laughing and singing in Samuel McKinney's house, found themselves in the twinkling of an eye, in a seething, mad swirl of water. Seven of the merrymakers were drowned.

The dead are:
Mrs. Grace McKinney, aged 50.
Miss Maggie McKinney, aged 30.
James McKinney, aged 8.
F. Clyde Beatty, aged 26.
J. C. Higgins, aged 50.
Miss Jennie Holmes, aged 18.
Vincent Wilkinson of Oil City, aged 26.

In the McKinney household on the fateful night, 13 merry people were congregated. The girls were dressed in flowing white robes. They were going to a dance at the French hall, but the hour for starting had not yet come.

It is said that the cloud burst somewhere about Vienna and swept toward Reissing and Cecil, the water came down in torrents.

The country between Vienna and Cecil is sloping, and McKinney's eight-roomed hotel stood just in that position where it would catch the full force of the storm.

The race of the flour mill nearby broke and struck the house with a fearful blow. The force and momentum lifted the house from its foundations, twisted it around and sent it into the middle of the furious creek.

The house flew down the stream and passed the railroad station and struck the bridge, 200 yards away. One loud crack and the lower floor was turned into a raft, on which the people stood; the lights on the table still burned. Before the bridge was passed two of the former happy throng, Maggie McKinney and Jennie Holmes, had been hurled into the angry current to death.

It was just before the Standard block was reached that Mrs. McKinney and her boy were washed from the raft and drowned before the eyes of those yet awaiting death or rescue.

Just previous to this moment Clyde Beatty clasped Rachel McKinney and Jennie Holmes in his arms and said: "Girls, I will save you or die with you." And he did die, but Rachel was saved, though Jennie was drowned.

It was at Gladdon that Samuel McKinney, Rachel McKinney and J. C. Higgins were tumbled into the stream. The last drifted into deep water and was drowned. Rachel McKinney, however, felt her feet touching the ground, and as the lightning flashed, saw some weeds, grasped them and held on with superhuman grip until rescued. Her father was but a little distance off. He had, too, found ground in the shallow water to stand upon, and, like his daughter, had discovered the saving weed and clutched them until rescued.

Rescuers fished out James Pierce, Charles Reddick, Lizzie Holmes, who was clinging to a tree; Sam and Robert McKinney.

Jim Wilkinson escaped from the house. As soon as he reached terra firma he ran toward the bridge, and while descending some steps near the bridge was caught by a passing wave and swiftly carried to his death.

A BUST OF M'KINLEY.

It Will Be Presented This Afternoon by Chicago Students.

CLEVELAND, July 29.—Ex-Governor McKinley spent a good portion of his time at the Hollenden hotel Tuesday, where he received many callers. It was women's day in the centennial celebration, and many ladies were among those who called to greet the presidential nominee. In the evening he attended the women's centennial banquet at the Grays armory and made a brief address, after which he returned to Windemer.

Mrs. McKinley was present at the women's meeting at the Central armory in the morning, and was introduced to a large number of those attending.

This afternoon a delegation from the Republican club of Chicago university will visit Canton and present to Major McKinley a bust of McKinley by Hirsch, the sculptor.

A delegation of Knoxville (Pa.) citizens, two hundred or more, will visit the major tomorrow.

MORE MONEY FROM BANKERS.

The Gold Reserve Again Increased—Some Withdrawals.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—The Boston banks have again come forward with an offer $1,000,000 in gold coin to the treasury and Philadelphia also offered $300,000. If the department gets all in sight the balance will be raised to $112,000,000.

The withdrawals were $209,300 in gold coin and $26,044 in bars, leaving the balance stand at $104,832,623.

Cretes Whipped the Turks.

ATHENS, July 29.—A large body of Musselmen, supported by Turkish troops, engaged in pillaging the Asomati district of the Island of Crete, has been attacked by a force of 1,500 insurgents. The latter drove the Mussulmans and the Turkish troops out of the district referred to and inflicted serious loss upon them.

Prominent Officials Indicted.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 29.—The grand jury has presented an accusation against Supervisors King, Scully, Benjamin, Hughes, Dunkirk, Morganstein and Wagner, asking their removal from office on the ground that they corruptly reduced the assessments of several large corporations.

JAMESON FOUND GUILTY.

He and His Followers Sentenced For Raiding the Transvaal.

LONDON, July 29.—Before the lord chief justice, Baron Russell Kilowen, Baron Pollock and Mr. Justice Hawkins, in the queen's bench division of the high court of justice, the trial of Dr. Jameson, Major Sir John Willoughby, Colonel R. Grey, Colonel H. F. White, Major R. White and Captain Henry F. Coventry, charged with violation of the neutrality laws in invading the territory of the South African republic, has been completed and the defendants found guilty.

Dr. Jameson was sentenced to 15 months' imprisonment without labor, Major Sir John Willoughby was sentenced to ten months' imprisonment, Major R. White was sentenced to seven months' imprisonment, and Captain Henry F. Coventry, Colonel R. Grey and Colonel H. F. White were sentenced to five months' imprisonment.

BEAT A RAILROAD TRAIN.

Remarkable Race of a Bicycle Sextuplet Near Syracuse, N. Y.

SYRACUSE, July 29.—When the westbound Empire state express was about two miles west of Syracuse it raced with six athletic young men on a sextuplet. Arrangements for the race were quietly completed several days ago. At this point is a stretch of cinder path about four feet wide and a mile and a half long. As soon as the Empire hove in sight the sextuplet got under way.

The Empire was soon abreast and the race began. For a quarter of a mile it was an even thing. At the end of a half mile the sextuplet was four lengths ahead. The sextuplet was then obliged to slow down, owing to a short bridge a quarter of a mile ahead. A number of railroad officers and bicycle men witnessed the race and four photographs of the race were secured.

Officer and Highwayman Dead.

NEVADA CITY, Cal., July 29.—The dead body of Sheriff David Douglass and the corpse of an unknown highwayman have been found lying a few feet apart in a woods two miles from town. There were five empty chambers in the pistol of the sheriff, who had been shot through the heart and in the right eye and hand. The bullets of the sheriff had gone through the robber's heart, abdomen and hip. The unknown man had a rifle, but it had not been used. It is supposed Douglass was shot by a confederate of the highwayman.

Against an Insurance Company.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., July 29.—Judge Tillinghast of the appellate court has directed the entrance of a decree forfeiting the charter of the Commercial Mutual Fire Insurance company, restraining the president and other officers of the company from transacting any insurance business in the name of the company and appointing James C. Collins, Jr., receiver.

Wouldbe Rapist Lynched.

SEDALIA, Mo., July 29.—Mart Crawford, a widower, 38 years old, employed as a section foreman on the Missouri Pacific, has been lynched a few miles from Tipton. He was arrested charged with attempted assault upon Miss Mary Tuckley, 16 years old.

IN JAIL ON SUSPICION.

A Dynamite Suspect Arrested at Portsmouth.

PORTSMOUTH, O., July 29.—Thomas McKee has been arrested by Detective Schlessinger of Cincinnati, who charges him with being the author of the recent outrages here. A special guard has been placed in the city prison, where he is confined.

McKee is an ex-school teacher, and is fairly well educated. He came to this city about three years ago from Ironton. His record is that of a quarrelsome man, who would strike and run, but slip away if the coast was not clear for escape. He deserted his wife and three children about eight years ago. His wife was the daughter of a prominent Meigs county farmer, and when she married McKee was disowned by her parents.

McKee's first trouble in this city grew out of the alleged relations he had cultivated with one of his children, a daughter who had left her mother to live with him. Since then he has been frequently mixed up in cases in which a woman was always found at the bottom. McKee is about 40 years of age, fleet of foot, and exceedingly wiry. In a race he has never yet failed to outrun the police, and is looked upon by them as a subject for handcuffs the moment he is taken.

A WOMAN'S CELEBRATION.

Representatives From All Over the Western Reserve In Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, July 29.—Tuesday was Woman's day in the city's centennial celebration. An all day meeting was held in Central armory, attended by women from every part of the Western Reserve. Addresses were made on philanthropy, household economics, clubs, education and the past, present and future. Among the speakers were Mrs. A. F. Johnson, dean of the Women's college at Oberlin, O.; Mrs. Helen Campbell, Mrs. Mary Wright Sewell and Mrs. Kate Brownlee Sherwood.

In the evening a splendid banquet and reception were given at the Gray's armory, a table being set apart for each township in the reserve. Among those who responded to toasts were Governor Bushnell and Mrs. Croly (Jennie June). Major and Mrs. McKinley were present with Mrs. M. A. Hanna.

Tebeau Case to Be Heard Friday.

CLEVELAND, July 29.—An answer has been filed in common pleas court in the celebrated injunction suit brought by Captain Tebeau of the Cleveland Baseball club against the directors of the National League, to prevent the collection of a fine alleged to have been unjustly imposed. The defendants filed a notice to dissolve the temporary injunction which will be for hearing on Friday.

HANNA IN THE EAST.

Will Open New York Headquarters Tomorrow.

CONFERENCE OF LEADERS TODAY.

The Chairman Refuses to Mix In the New York Factional Fight—Petitioned to Make Tariff the Issue—Quay Is Attending the Conference.

NEW YORK, July 29.—National Chairman Hanna is in the city. Hanna announces that the city headquarters of the Republican national committee will be established in the Metropolitan Life Insurance company's building at Twenty-third street and Madison avenue. The headquarters will occupy the greater part of the fourth floor of the building and will be opened for business tomorrow.

Mr. Hanna has had many callers. Among them was Fred S. Gibbs, the national committeeman for this state. He accepted an invitation to attend the conference of the executive committee this afternoon.

Mr. Hanna was asked whether Mr. Gibbs came from Mr. Platt. He said: "I presume that in one way Mr. Gibbs represents Mr. Platt. No, I did not see Mr. Platt and I have not invited him to the meeting of the committee and I do not expect that he will come up.

"But, see here, why draw Platt's name into this thing? I am chairman of the national committee. There is a factional fight in this state. It is not my purpose to add fuel to the flames. I recognize no faction and I believe that all good Republicans are working for the good of their party.

"The meeting is for the purpose of planning the campaign in this section. I have a dispatch from Mr. Quay saying that he will be here."

When Mr. Hanna read of the action of the Democratic state committee in maintaining silence over the Chicago ticket, he said:

"Well, if they keep this thing up we won't have much opposition. The action means that there will be nothing done in New York state for Mr. Bryan until after Sept. 16 at the very earliest. We will therefore have practically six weeks advantage of them in active work."

A delegation from the Tariff Reform League called on Mr. Hanna and asked that he make tariff the issue, instead of the money question. Mr. Hanna said that he could not decide that question, but that the delegation could send a representative to the committee meeting today and the question could then be discussed.

WILL FUSE IN MICHIGAN.

The Democrats Re-Elect Dickinson's Law Partner Chairman.

DETROIT, July 29.—The Democratic state central committee has declined to accept the resignation of its chairman Elliott G. Stevenson, and called the state nominating convention to be held at Bay City, Aug. 25. Although Chairman Stevenson, who is the law partner of Don M. Dickinson, has been a radical advocate of the gold standard policy and still emphatically denounces what he terms the outrage of unseating some of the Michigan gold standard delegates to the Chicago convention, he accepts the platform and candidates.

It is arranged that the Populist and the New Union Silver party conventions will be held in Bay City on the same day as the Democratic convention and it is expected that a fusion of the three parties on one ticket will be accomplished, as a state law enacted by the last (Rep.) legislature requires that the name of any candidate cannot appear on more than one ticket.

LEVERING HAS ACCEPTED.

Formally Notified of His Nomination by the Prohibitionists.

BALTIMORE, July 29.—Joshua Levering of this city has been officially notified of his nomination for the presidency of the United States in the Lyceum theater by the Prohibition party. Prior to the notification the Maryland

JOSHUA LEVERING.

Prohibitionists held their state convention and nominated electors in the various Maryland districts.

The meeting was called to order by the Hon. William Daniel of this city, after which the Rev. Dr. J. E. Smith, also of Baltimore, offered prayer. Summerfield Baldwin, the permanent chairman, then assumed the gaval and introduced O. W. Stewart of Illinois, who, as chairman of the committee on notification, delivered the address in forming Mr. Levering of his nomination. The latter read from manuscript his letter of acceptance.

A K. of P. Official Skips Out.

PORTLAND, Or., July 29.—George McConnell, grand keeper of records and seals of the Knights of Pythias of Oregon, has disappeared and his accounts with the order are about $3,000 short.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

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...E'S HISTORY OF ENGLAND.

...he Onward March of Civilization Described.

...IENTISTS WERE PUT IN JAIL.

...ilies Wore Tall Hats and Swords to Protect Them From the Nobility—Henry ...urns a Heretic—Duke of York Becomes King at a Good Salary.

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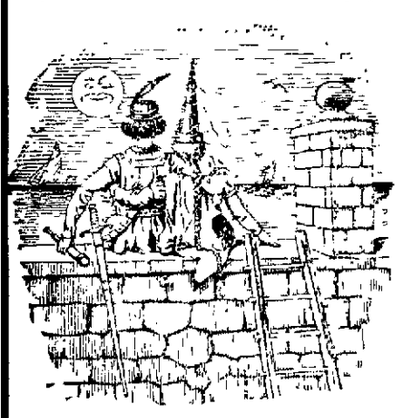
CHAPTER XV.

The Plantagenet period saw the establishment of the house of commons and ...t off the power of the king to levy ...xes without the consent of parliament. ...e also exchanged the judicial rough ...nd tumble on horseback for the trial ...y jury. Serfdom continued, and a good ...orse would bring more in market than ... man.

Agriculture was still in its infancy, ...nd the farmer refused to adopt a new ...nd attractive plow because it did not ...ermit the plowman to walk near ...nough to his team that he might twist ...he tail of the patient bullock.

The costumes of the period seem odd ...s we look back upon them, for the ...en wore pointed shoes, with toes tied ...o the girdle, and trousers and coat each ...f different colors. For instance, sometimes one sleeve was black and the other white, while the ladies wore tall ...ats, sometimes two feet high, and long ...rains. They also carried two swords in ...he girdle, doubtless to protect them ...rom the nobility.

Each house of any size had a "pleas...nce," and the "herberie," or physic



ASTROLOGY WAS THE FAVORITE STUDY OF THOSE TIMES.

...arden, which was the pioneer of the ...ieplant bed, was connected with the ...onasteries.

Roger Bacon was thrown into prison ...or having too good an education. Scientists in those days always ran the risk ...f being surprised, and more than one ...iscoverer wound up by discovering ...imself in jail.

Astrology was a favorite amusement, ...specially among the young people.

Henry IV, son of John of Gaunt, ...ourth son of Edward III, became king ...n 1399, though Edmund Mortimer, ...arl of March and great-grandson of ...ionel, the third son of Edward III, ...as the rightful heir. This boy was de...ained in Windsor castle by Henry's or...ers.

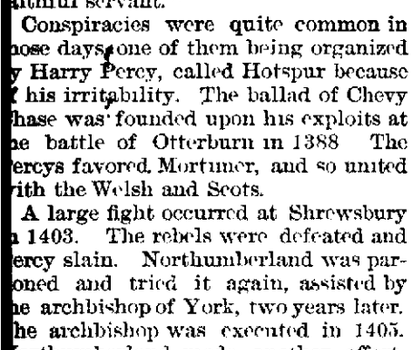
Henry succeeded in catching a here...ic in 1401 and burned him at the ...take. This was the first person put to ...eath in England for his religious be...ief, and the occasion was the origin of ...he epitaph, "Well done, good and ...aithful servant."

Conspiracies were quite common in ...hose days, one of them being organized ...y Harry Percy, called Hotspur because ...f his irritability. The ballad of Chevy ...hase was founded upon his exploits at ...he battle of Otterburn in 1388. The ...ercys favored Mortimer, and so united ...ith the Welsh and Scots.

A large fight occurred at Shrewsbury ...n 1403. The rebels were defeated and ...ercy slain. Northumberland was par...oned and tried it again, assisted by ...he archbishop of York, two years later. ...he archbishop was executed in 1405. ...orthumberland made another effort, ...ut was defeated and slain.

In 1413 Henry died, leaving behind ...im the record of a fraudulent sover...ign who was parsimonious, sour and ...uperstitious, without virtue or religion. ...He was succeeded by his successor, ...hich was customary at that time. ...enry V was his son, a youth who was ...ild and reckless. He had been in jail ...or insulting the chief justice as a re...ult of a drunken frolic and fine. He ...as real wild and bad and had no more ...espect for his ancestry than a chicken ...orn in an incubator. Yet he reformed ...n taking the throne.

Henry now went over to France with ...view to securing the throne, but did

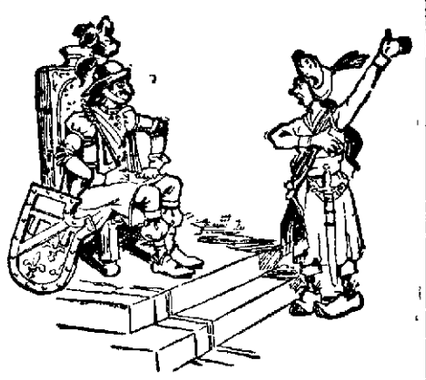


HENRY PROTECTS THE CHURCH FROM HERESY.

...t get it, as it was occupied at the ...me. So he returned, but at Agincourt ...as surprised by the French army, four ...mes as large as his own, and with a ...s of 40 only he slew 10,000 of the ...ench and captured 14,000. What the ...ench were doing while this slaughter ...as going on the modern historian has ...ot difficulty in figuring out. This ...ttle occurred in 1415 and two years ...er Henry returned to France, hoping ...do equally well. He made a treaty ...f Troyes with the celebrated idiot, ...arles VI, and promised to marry his ...ughter Catherine, who was to suc...d Charles upon his death and try to

do better. Henry became regent of France by this ruse, but died in 1422 and left his son Henry, less than a year old. The king's death was a sad blow to England, for he was an improvement on the general run of kings. Henry V left a brother, the Duke of Bedford, who became protector and regent of France, but when Charles the Imbecile died his son, Charles VII, rose to the occasion, and a war of some years ...ued. After some time Bedford invaded southern France and besieged Orleans.

Joan of Arc had been told of a prophecy to the effect that France could only be delivered from the English by a vir-



JOAN OF ARC INDUCES THE KING TO BELIEVE THE TRUTH OF HER MISSION.

gin, and so she, though only a peasant girl, yet full of a strange, eager heroism which was almost inspiration, applied to the king for a commission.

Inspired by her perfect faith and godlike heroism, the French fought like tigers, and in 1429 the besiegers went home. She induced the king to be crowned in due form at Reims and asked for an honorable discharge, but she was detained, and the English, who afterward captured her, burned her to death at Rouen in 1431 on the charge of sorcery. Those who did this afterward regretted it and felt mortified. Her death did the invaders no good, but above her ashes and moistened by her tears—if such a feat were possible—liberty arose once more, and in 1437 Charles was permitted to enter Paris and enjoy the town for the first time in 20 years. In 1444 a truce of six years was established.

Henry was a disappointment, and, as Bedford was dead, the Duke of Gloucester, the king's uncle, and Cardinal Beaufort, his guardian, had, up to his majority, been the powers behind the throne.

Henry married Margaret of Anjou, a very beautifull and able lady, who possessed the qualities so lacking in the king. They were married in 1445, and, if living, this would be the four hundred and fifty-first anniversary of their wedding. It is anyway. (1896.)

The provinces of Maine and Anjou were given by the king in return for Margaret. Henry continued to show more and more signs of fatty degeneration of the cerebrator, and Gloucester, who had opposed the marriage, was found dead in his prison bed, whither he had been sent at Margaret's request. The Duke of York, the queen's favorite, succeeded him, and Somerset, another favorite, succeeded York. In 1451 it was found that the English had lost all their French possessions except Calais.

Things went from bad to worse, and in 1450 Jack Cade headed an outbreak, but he was slain, and, the king showing renewed signs of intellectual fag, Rich-

BY REQUEST OF MARGARET, HIS HEAD WAS REMOVED FROM HIS BODY TO THE GATES OF YORK.

ard, Duke of York, was talked of as the people's choice on account of his descent from Edward III. He was for a few days protector, but the queen was too strongly opposed to him, and he resigned.

He then raised an army, and in a battle at St. Albans in 1455 defeated the royalists, capturing the king. This was the opening of the War of the Roses, so called because as badges the Lancastrians wore a red rose and the Yorkists a white rose. This war lasted over 30 years and killed off the nobility like sheep. They were, it is said, virtually annihilated, and thus a better class of nobility was substituted.

The king was restored, but in 1460 there occurred the battle of Northampton, in which he was defeated and again taken prisoner by the Earl of Warwick.

Margaret was a woman of great spirit, and when the Duke of York was given the throne she went to Scotland, and in the battle of Wakefield her army defeated and captured the duke. At her request he was beheaded and his head, ornamented with a paper crown, placed on the gates of York.

The queen was for a time successful, and her army earned a slight reputation for cruelty also, but Edward, son of the late Duke of York, imbittered somewhat by the flippant death of his father, was soon victorious over the Lancastrians and in 1461 was crowned king of England at a good salary, with the use of a large palace and a good well of water and barn. BILL NYE.

His First Impression.

"That umbrella you lent me yesterday," said the man who had just come into the office.

"Yes?"

"Here it is. I came to return it."

"Dear me!" was the absentminded reply. "I had no idea it was in such bad condition as all that!"—Washington Post.

AT STAFFORD HOUSE.

WOMEN JOURNALISTS OF LONDON RECEIVED BY A DUCHESS.

Second Anniversary of Their Society—The Plain, Everyday Reporters Were There, and So Were Mr. Hardy, Sarah Grand and John Oliver Hobbes.

[Special Correspondence.]

LONDON, July 13.—The recent birthday party at Stafford House, the residence of the Duke and Duchess of Sutherland, was an interesting event for the women journalists of London, who were celebrating the second anniversary of the founding of their society.

It seems that the duchess herself writes, and, therefore, she was not above throwing open the doors of her grand house to her sister writers and to those that they wished to invite. Catch any of our Fifth avenue, Back Bay or Michigan avenue swell women doing this! Really, we may abuse England as much as we wish, but the English are much more democratic than we are.

The duchess is a tall, beautiful young woman. She stands very erect, and her shoulders are very shapely. I can't tell you how she was dressed, for the good reason that I am not skillful as to describing women's dresses. She seemed to be swathed in a sort of fluffy pink. That's as near as I can get to it. However, she was lovely.

Everybody, or rather everybody who is anybody, was there. There were famous writers who were overburdened with the weight of their own genius, statesmen who were weighed down with the affairs of nations, singers who were waiting for a chance to sing, beautiful women who were waiting to be looked at, and so forth. Really, it was great.

Hardy was there; Sarah Grand was there; poor Balfour, who is at present trying to pilot the Tory party through the snags of obstruction, was there; Lord Rosebery was there, and so on.

There was a great deal of fine singing by fine artists, but hardly any one listened. People were too busy telling each other how well they looked. It is such a bore to be interrupted in the middle of a compliment.

Oddly enough, who should I meet in the supper room but Whitney Mockridge, the American tenor. The last time I saw him he was singing at the Bijou theater in San Francisco. He was on tour with Uvide Musin, the violinist. At that time—it's about eight years ago—I was one of the stage hands at the Bijou, and Mockridge was very kind to me. He used to stand in the wings and listen to me talk about Vancouver island, where I had been living with the Indians.

And now I was talking to him again in the supper room of the Duke of Sutherland's big house. How strange it was! The last time I saw him I had no coat on, and I was wearing overalls. This time I was rigged out in a clawhammer. We had a drink together on the head of it.

In the concert room Cissy Loftus gave mimicries of several well known stage

THE DUCHESS OF SUTHERLAND.

people. She is a very interesting young woman is Miss Loftus. Her eyes are dark, her hair is dark, and her face has a curiously blended expression of keenness, worldliness and childish simplicity. But in all I should call her one of the most attractive looking young women I have ever met. I cared little for what she did, for, after all, mimicry is nothing, but I did care for the privilege of looking at her.

I met Gertrude Atherton, who first achieved fame by her work for the American Press Association. She talked to me of familiar places in San Francisco, of the beauties in general of California, of how she liked London, and so on. Miss Atherton is a handsome blond. She has the direct and simple manner of the American woman who isn't trying to be English. By the way, there are too many American women over here who are trying to be other than what they are. An American woman is all right when she's not ashamed of her country. I'm afraid that, as a rule, the best of our countrywomen stay at home.

John Oliver Hobbes (Mrs. Craigie) received the guests at the foot of the staircase in the great hall. She is a striking looking woman, with a face that is at once cynical and kindly of expression. Her eyes are cold, but it is a coldness that comes from too keen a knowledge.

But I've told you nothing about the house itself, which excited the admiration of Nathaniel Hawthorne when he visited England, the famous novelist comparing it with Buckingham palace, much to the disadvantage of the latter. Stafford House and its two predecessors on the same site have, curiously enough, nearly always been in possession of ducal families. The first mansion was named Cleveland House and was the property of that beautiful Barbara Villiers whom the merry Charles II made Duchess of Cleveland. In 1702 it became Berkshire House and passed into the possession of the Duke of Grafton, another duke not unconnected with the merry monarch. Later in the last century the first house was demolished, and in its place there arose Godolphin House, where lived his grace the Duke of Bridgewater. For a time it was the residence of Fox, and here that statesman lay in his last illness.

Early in the present century Godolphin House was the home of the Duke of Bedford, but in 1824 the Duke of York became the possessor, pulled down the old mansion and with money which it has been said he borrowed from the Marquis of Stafford built the present sumptuous palace, with its noble picture gallery. In 1834 the house became the property of the Stafford family, who are credited with having spent some $250,000 or more on its decorations and improvements. During the last few years of his life the father of the present duke spent but little time at Stafford House, though now and again the dowager duchess gave a conversazione to the artistic set, with whom she was always popular.

The reception was given in what seemed to me to be a great suit of halls. These halls were wide and lofty and lit up in a wonderful way. Priceless paintings and frescoes adorned the walls, but the crush was too great for one to see them properly.

As for the crowd—well, here were the ablest and most brilliant men and women of England—nay, of the world—for at the height of the season the pick of the world's people were in London.

It was fine to watch the faces as they passed and repassed. Here was the face of a beautiful woman; the face of a strong man; the cruel, hard face of a soldier; the astute, inscrutable face of the man of politics; the dreamy, unpractical face of the man of letters; the tender, flowerlike face of the girl.

Here was the deep lined face of the hard pressed struggler in the world of art or intellect—the struggler who, perhaps, had a hard task to get the necessary evening dress to come to the reception.

After all, it struck me that the strongest element of the human character is sociability. When brought into contact with it, the idea of caste and class melt into nothing.

And so, before I knew it, 1 o'clock in the morning came, the woman journalists' party broke up, and I was trudging along Pall Mall thinking of what a fine, hospitable woman the Duchess of Sutherland was and of how favorably she compared with the Fifth avenue alleged aristocrat. BART KENNEDY.

TESTING COINS.

There Must Not Be the Slightest Variation In Weight.

[Special Correspondence.]

PHILADELPHIA, July 20.—The president appoints each year a commission to test the work of the four mints of the United States. In the minting of gold and silver one coin is laid aside for every $2,000 worth of coins struck off. This coin is put in a linen bag, which is sealed and marked with the particulars of the coinage. Then the bag is put in a box, which is sealed until the annual tests are to be made. The number of these coins to be tested varies with the activity of the mints. This year there will be very little silver to test.

It is not known commonly that all coins are not of equal weight. When the coining is done, there is a slight variation in the weight of the "blanks" which are cut out preparatory to being stamped with the design of the coin to be made. This variation in weight must not be more than a certain percentage above or below standard weight. The "limit of tolerance," as it is known, is one-thousandth either way for gold coins and three-thousandths either way for silver coins. If a blank is heavy, it is filed down; if it is light, it is sent back to be melted again and run in with a quantity of fresh silver to make new blanks.

When a lot of $5,000 worth of coin is made up to be delivered by the chief weigher, the test coin is taken out of each $2,000 worth. It may be a little lighter or a little heavier than the standard, but it should be within the "limit of tolerance." In making up a draft for delivery the chief weigher puts "lights" and "heavies" together so as to bring the gross weight of the draft as near as possible to the standard of weight of this amount of coin.

The number of pieces examined by the commission in one year recently was 1,789 pieces of gold, of the value of $29,407.50, and 26,529 pieces of silver, of the value of $13,771.80. This was in 1892, the last year in which the coinage of the silver dollar at the rate fixed in the last law continued without interruption for 12 months. The report in that year made by the commission appointed by President Harrison was that "no coin among those examined was found to deviate from the standard fixed by law beyond the legal tolerance." But this is not always the case. Whether from carelessness of the weighers or from faults in the official scales, it has happened frequently that coins from all of the mints have been found to be below or above the legal "limit of tolerance." In this case the commission appointed by the president merely declares what it has found, and no action on the subject is taken by any one unless the director of the mint gets after his subordinates and warns them to be more careful. The law declares that coin shall be of a certain weight, but there is no way to follow the coinage of a certain date if the test piece varies from that weight and that coinage has gone into circulation. Besides, the test piece may be the only piece in the entire lot which is not of standard weight. About the only good end which the work of the commission serves apparently is to act as a check on the mint officials, who, if no such guard was put on their work, might grow careless.

C. W. EARLE.

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Do not eat or drink when over heated or angry.

Eat slowly. It is not well to drink while eating.

If you wish to increase your fat and flesh drink freely of water.

Do not neglect bathing, and rub the body after a bath until the skin is warm and red.

Have a regular time for rest and eating.

Keep your feet warm, and head cool.

If you are inclined to be melancholy sleep on the right side.

Don't talk against anyone. If you have ill feelings against any person seek to do them a kindness.

Do not think evil of anyone. Get rid of all of your evil suspicions and jealous thoughts. Cast them out of your mind as you would a viper, for such thoughts will injure your disposition, weaken your body, and ruin your health.

Do not listen to gossip against your neighbor, and remember there is something good that you can say of every one.

Do not worry about that which you can not help because it can do you no good, and do not worry about that which you can help because if you can help it you should do so and then you won't have anything to worry over.

Cultivate a cheerful, pleasant disposition, and you can be more easily cured of any disease that may afflict you.

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The Chronic Afflicted in order to have the skill of the Noted Specialist, must either **go to such specialist, or the Specialist must go to them.** Statistics show that among all chronic sufferers, not more than one in five hundred ever go to the larger cities to receive treatment, this fact is owing mainly to: The terrible dread the sick have of leaving home and going into the turmoil, noise and confusion of a great city, and the worry and exhaustion incident to travel. Also the great expense of the trip and the unreasonable prices charged for examination and treatment. It is a notorious fact that chronic diseases are so distinct from acute ones that the regular practitioner, as a rule, wants nothing to do with them, and if satisfied with his income, will frankly say so, hence the necessity of the specialist; and that he shall put himself where those patients **uncured by their Family Doctor** may see him and receive first-class treatment, although unable to visit the city to secure a like quality of skill. The fact that a city specialist visits your county seat, and receives and prescribes for patients at your best hotel does not in the least detract from his skill, honesty, integrity or respectability. For if a man is a gentleman at home he is a gentleman everywhere. Does Dr. Kutchin cure everybody? No! Does he treat every case that goes to him? No! But he does cure a greater percentage of cases accepted for treatment than any specialist of our acquaintance. His business has assumed such gigantic proportions in Ohio that he has found it an absolute necessity to confine his work almost entirely to this State. This enables everyone under his care to communicate with or see the Doctor on short notice at all times.

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CAYLOR'S BALL GOSSIP.

Latest Topics of Interest In the National Sport.

FOUR HOME RUNS IN ONE GAME.

Delehanty's Batting Feat Was the Most Remarkable Ever Accomplished Under Modern Conditions—Brouthers Retired. First Baseman Clark of the New Yorks.

Four home runs in one game! That great feat was accomplished by Delehanty of the Philadelphia club in a recent game at Chicago. Taken in its specific outlines it is probably the greatest batting feat on record. In the old days of underhand pitching and a much more lively ball I believe the late Harry Wright made seven or eight home runs in one game, but home runs in that style of playing were almost as frequent as two base hits are now. If Delehanty had made his home runs on the Boston ground or on the Phillies' own ground, much would have been taken from the honor of the performance, for in Boston the left and right field fences and in Philadelphia the right field fence are so near to the diamond that many fly balls go over which count as home runs, but which with an unobstructed field would be easy outs. All of Delehanty's four base hits were made inside of the inclosed grounds. They were good long drives which could not be returned by the fielders till after the noted Philadelphia batsman had made the circuit of the bases.

Another thing which adds to this batting record is the fact that it was not generally a heavy hitting game. The Philadelphia team made only eight runs, half of which were "Del's" homers. He faced Pitcher Terry only five times, hitting for the circuit in every instance but one, and then he scored a single. I am quite sure that this is a record which has never been equaled.

Just preceding this bit of baseball history made by a Philadelphia player came the announcement that the same club had given Dan Brouthers his unconditional release. That is probably the end of this once famous baseball player's professional life. He has been "let down" by the Baltimore, Brooklyn, Louisville and Philadelphia clubs in succession, and it is well known that he had declared his intention of pulling out after his usefulness to the Quakers ceased. Brouthers has saved much of his baseball earnings in the 15 or

WILLIAM H. CLARK.

16 years of his work on the diamond and by judicious investments has acquired property from the usufruct of which he can maintain his family. He therefore is not under the humiliating necessity of taking service in minor league clubs at much smaller salaries.

As a batsman rather than a first baseman Brouthers' usefulness was made apparent. For 12 years he either led the country at batting or stood well up among the leaders. During the last few years his "good eye" failed rapidly, and he was no more a terror to pitchers. I first saw Brouthers play in 1879 on the old Cincinnati grounds near the stockyards. He was in the heyday of his professional life. It was the first time that Will White as a pitcher ever faced the tall, awkward young fellow. A pitcher in those days had more latitude with bad balls than he does now, and it was White's habit to merely toss the first ball across in a parabolic curve three or four feet above the batsman's head. He did not vary his custom for Brouthers, but Dan never let anything go by in those days which he could reach. So he merely raised his "six feet one" on his toes, reached up with his long bat, and the ball went sailing over right center field fence.

As I've already said, Brouthers never ranked very high as a first baseman. Indeed, I may go so far as to say that the first basemen of today are far inferior as fielders to some of those who have "passed out." McKinnon of the famous Syracuse Stars, back in the seventies, in my judgment, was the greatest first baseman since the game has been played. "Chub" Sullivan of the Cincinnatis and Worcesters was the best man who ever stood on that bag when catching a thrown ball was the measure of merit. His record of playing a season without dropping one throw has certainly not been equaled. "Long John" Reilly of the Cincinnatis, Comiskey of the four time winners, the St. Louis Browns, and Carey of last year's Baltimores were among the best fielders of their position of the later first basemen. But Reilly and Carey were weak batsmen, and that pushed them out of League company.

The best first baseman in the big League today is Tucker. Yet he was listed for the bench early in the year because his batting last year was rather weak. For some reason his batting picked up, and now he is doing the most timely hitting of his team. And there is that wonder of baseball, Anson. He, too, has made a record by playing 32 games without an error, while his batting is something which even his Chicago enemies are bound to applaud.

Since Lachance established himself in the National league only one other minor league first baseman has secured a berth in the same company. That is William H. Clark of the New York club. He excels as a fielder and is improving steadily as a batsman, so that he bids fair to reach the top of his class within a year or two. Clarke is a western Pennsylvanian. His home is in Pittsburg.

Comiskey established a style of fielding at first base which is not now followed by any of the men who play the position in the National league. It was his custom to play from 30 to 40 feet beyond first base and depend half of the time on his pitchers to cover the bag on a hard hit toward right. Foutz, Caruthers, Hudson and King considered it half of their duty to start toward first base the moment a ball was batted toward Comiskey. This style of playing the base cut off many balls which at this later day would go safely to the outfield. Then, too, it was almost an impossibility for a fly to fall between the in and out field on that side of the diamond. Pitchers at this stage of the game cover first base much less than they did when the Comiskey style was in vogue.

Speaking of that noted team of Brown Stockings is a reminder that one of the famous number is almost ready to join the silent majority. I refer to "Curt" Welch, who is reported to be hopelessly ill at his home in East Liverpool, O. Whenever any baseball enthusiast of 15 years' experience begins to talk of the great outfielders of the last decade he is sure to mention Welch. Excepting McAleer, there is probably no National league player of this day who is the equal of what Welch was when he played center field for the Browns. It was he who caused the queer exception to be made to the rule which gives a batsman a base for being hit with a batted ball, the exception being the forearm. Welch had a trick "down fine" of pretending to elevate his arm to ward off an inshoot and just let the ball flip the sleeve of his shirt so as to get his base. He practiced the trick so successfully that the exception to the rule was made for his benefit.

As usual the passing of the Fourth of July sees some breaks in the various minor leagues. Chief of these is the removal of the Toronto club to Albany. Once more it has been proved that the United States cannot profitably extend its baseball lines into the Dominion. The first of the "minors" to wholly succumb are the Pennsylvania State league and the Pacific Northwestern league. The latter was composed of only four cities, and when one club disbanded the structure went to pieces. The Southern league's loss of Birmingham put it on a five club basis, and in the Western association there have been mumblings of a coming disturbance. National election years have always produced poor baseball seasons in the provinces.

Meanwhile the big League is having a prosperous season, to which Captain Tebeau with his multifarious injunctions and the reincarnation of the Louisville and St. Louis teams contribute largely. And the pleasant, profitable times which the six western clubs have had with their six eastern partners on the trip just ending has aroused the 16 to 1 enthusiasm of the middle states voters

Catcher Robinson of the Baltimores has found it necessary to have the first joint of his little finger on the right hand amputated. Some weeks ago the nail was torn off by a foul tip, and he used it again before it healed. Blood poison threatened and amputation became necessary. Robinson believes he will be able to catch as well as ever when the shortened finger heals. I very much doubt it. The loss of that small joint will probably seriously interfere with his throwing.

O. P. CAYLOR.

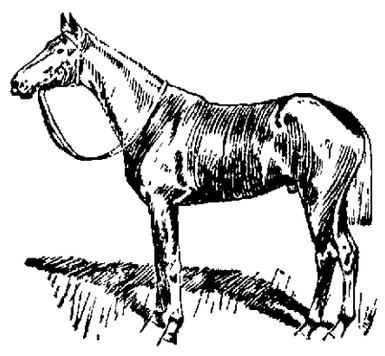
New York.

REQUITAL.

The Great Horse Who Has Won the Futurity and Realization Stakes.

For some reason the followers of the turf have for many decades regarded the 3-year-old form of a race horse as the true test of his speed and stamina. In England the crack event of the course, the Derby, is competed for only by equines of that age, while in this country the same is true of the Realization, which is so named for the reason that it is the event which serves to show whether or not the winner of the Futurity of the year before is to realize the hopes of his owners and admirers. At least that is the theory, although it very seldom is the practice, for the cases in which the nag who has managed to win the Futurity as a 2-year-old can also contrive to get away with the Realization in the next season are as rare as chicken's teeth. Still some horses have managed to do it. One who has this great double event to his credit is Requital. He appears to have gone far beyond the wildest hopes of his owner, Colonel W. P. Thompson, who bought him last year for the bagatelle of $26,000, after he had won the Futurity, which was worth something like $60,000. The wiseacres almost to a man declared at the time that the doughty colonel had paid more for Requital than any piece of horseflesh in the world was really worth, but the result shows that, as usual, these gentlemen were mistaken.

There is always one horse who is so far beyond all the others of his age that he is called "the horse of the year." Requital is now regarded in that way by shrewd turfmen, not a few of whom declare that he is the equal in every respect of the great Hanover or the swift Salvator, while some of the extremists assert that he is the superior of either of those superb animals. At any rate, Dame Rumor is authority for the report that Colonel Thompson can get $50,000 for him whenever he cares to take it, and if that is the case his retaining him would seem to indicate that he is of the opinion that the horse will bring him an



REQUITAL.

amount in excess of that through his winnings on the track. Requital is entered for most of the rich stakes of this season and the next, and there are those who profess to believe that if he starts in the Suburban and Brooklyn handicaps next year those two rich stakes will be practically at his mercy.

That he will be the sensational performer of 1897 seems to be a foregone conclusion, provided he can escape all of those numerous ills which horseflesh is heir to. Despite the difference in their ages, a match race between Requital and Henry of Navarre would attract more attention than any event that could be suggested for the American turf, and if such a contest could be arranged it is within bounds to predict that the younger horse would have a very heavy following. If the weights were as they should be, he would also be certain to give the champion the race of his life and would even stand an excellent chance of defeating him.

Requital is a big, lusty animal, as handsome as a picture, and he should, in the ordinary course of events, land many a purse for his owner. Many connoisseurs consider him as handsome as Harry Bassett, the noted vanquisher of the great Longfellow.

NEW AUTUMN GOWNS.

THE APPLICATION OF LACE MEDALLION TRIMMING.

A Lavender Blue Mohair Dress For a Young Lady—Sleeves and Waists—Cotton Goods With a Silky Luster—New Percales and Other Cotton Goods.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The application of lace medallions is still made, and, if anything, is more popular than in the earlier part of the season. The plain grasscloths in their delicate and neutral tint have small detached wheels or flowers placed at intervals all over the surface, sometimes in regular lines and sometimes set on to form separate patterns after the dress is made up. The richest gown of the season in this par-

GOWNS FOR FALL.

ticular style was of pale lavender and white striped taffeta. Down the front breadth there was a band of heavy mechlin lace over black brussels net. Next to that, on each side, were set two large, separate medallions of the lace, and so on alternately all around the skirt a row of the straight pattern on the net, and two medallions reaching from the waist to the bottom. The waist and sleeves were nearly covered with it. Owing to the richness of the lace applique there were no fancy ornaments, bows or floating ends to this gown. The belt and stock were simple folds of plain lavender silk to match. The lace employed for these purposes is not the real point de venise or maltese or mechlin, but it is such a close imitation of the real that only an expert could tell the difference, and in any case it is not worn to deceive anybody, but for just what it is, a rich and handsome lace for trimming. But the amount of labor that it requires to sew it firmly to the garment makes it costly.

A simpler but still pretty and tasteful gown for a young lady was of lavender blue mohair. The entire skirt was laid in deep plaits, turned backward to the center. The waist was prettily draped across the front and opened at the side. The neck was left low and was finished with a narrow shirr. There was an iridescent ribbon belt, showing the prune colors, and a wide collar made of plaited blue gauze over white silk and edged with white lace. The sleeves were shirred up the outer arm in a very novel manner. I should have mentioned that the sleeves to the lace covered gown were very tight to the wrist and puffed in tight little shirred puffs at the top. Sleeves are not what they were—not by two or three yards of stuff.

Some of the thin materials can bear a good bit of puffing and draping, but all the rest are scant and look very poor beside the voluminous sleeves of last spring. There was a pretty waist of plaid in soft moss green and wood brown. It was draped upon the bust under two large, fancy buttons and worn with a double pointed velvet swiss belt. The sleeves were tight, with sprung cuffs, and the upper parts were made in tight little puffs held together in the center. A snug waist of black satin had a wide band down the front and a wide belt cuff and two fancy linked stripes, all made of iridescent spangles. The sleeves were snug to the shoulders, where there was a small stiff looking puff gathered to fit around the sleeve.

Prettier than those were the sleeves to two thin frocks. One had a waist of pompadour taffeta in pink and green, with surplice folds, edged by a jabot of plaited lace and finished with a green ribbon belt and stock, this last edged with lace. The sleeves were tight to the elbow on the underside, while the upper was arranged in deep, loose folds. The other was of pale blue striped organdie. It was French style in the waist and had two rows of lace along the front to the belt line. There was a wide yoke collar, cut so that the stripes came bias, edged with white lace.

I noticed yesterday among the new cotton goods some with a silky luster and a real rustle, like silk. Some were quite plain in self colors, like taffeta. Others were brocaded in fast colors.

NEW WAISTS AND SLEEVES.

The black cotton brocades were wonderfully beautiful when one knows of what they are made. There are also fancy twills in cotton, that one would declare to be the finest surah at the first glance. The percales and finest of the cotton goods are all produced in the same designs as those on the silk. Light blue percale with the dark blue figuring is every bit as pretty as the silks seen six feet away.

OLIVE HARPER.

EFFECTS OF THE HUMAN VOICE.

Terrifying to Some Birds and Beasts, but Not to Others.

The human voice may or may not be terrifying to wild animals. Two Adirondack boys once hid behind a little bush on the banks of the West Canada creek and yelled, screamed and howled at a big blue heron across the stream, with no other result than to make the bird stare about in curiosity. It was only when both boys leaped to their feet, wildly waved their arms and did some high kicking that the bird flew away.

Woodchucks, red squirrels, muskrats, mink and various others of the small animals seem to fear the human form, but not the voice. Foxes flee at a lively gait when a man yells, but deer have been known to almost run over men that were talking in loud voices. Logging teamsters in the woods yell and swear at their horses in voices audible a mile away, but deer lie in their beds comfortably less than half a mile distant. Bears do not usually monkey around in the vicinity of men, except during berry time, when they are sometimes on one side of the bushes while human berry pickers are on the other.

The human voice is very soothing to wild birds of various kinds, such as robins. They will often come very close to a person who talks to them, and turn their heads from side to side, much as caged birds—canaries, for example—do, but if a person is robbing the bird's nest the voice adds greatly to the terror of the birds. It is related of a swallow that it had in some manner broken its leg, which was observed by a woman as the bird flew about. She went out, called to it and spoke to it, and after a while the bird came so near as to be taken in the woman's hands, who then put the leg in splints, setting it properly and putting on a soothing ointment. The bird flew away and was soon chirping with the rest of the birds in the air, its leg having been relieved of pain evidently by the bandages.

The old story of a lion that allowed a man to pick a thorn out of its inflamed foot and dress the wound, then refused to eat the man, may be truthful, since dogs, cats, elephants, horses and a good many other animals have remembered kindness as well as evil.—New York Sun.

The Alsace-Lorraine Trouble.

There can be no doubt that the annexation of Alsace-Lorraine has been the fundamental cause of European disturbance and apprehension during the last 25 years. Cynics may scoff at sentiment, but the predominant feeling of a great nation counts for something, if not everything, in calculations for the preservation of peace. There are justifiable and unjustifiable causes of war. The difference between jingoism and patriotism is that jingoism will go to war whether for a good or a bad cause, while patriotism will only undertake it for a good cause. It is a huge blunder to impose terms of peace fundamentally unjust, leaving a grievance that enlists an evergrowing sympathy. Generosity and forbearance toward a vanquished enemy, especially if that enemy be a great nation, is the best policy.

Germany acted on this principle after she had defeated Austria in 1866. She did not take an inch of territory, and she left no permanent sore of wounded patriotism. It was, therefore, possible to make an ally of Austria, and she became one. Unfortunately, after her conquest of France, she committed the blunder of annexing French territory. The military experts were called in to declare that this was a strategical necessity, and, leaving aside the question of inhabitants declared to be of German origin, but who were devoted to France, some 600,000 pure Frenchmen in Lorraine were passed under the German yoke. Annexations are only successful when the victims belong to small countries, such as Poland or Denmark. France is a powerful enough nation to resent and ultimately to revenge or to remedy the wrong. She bides her time. There is only one permanent sentiment which unites all parties in France, that is the desire to recover Alsace-Lorraine. —National Review.

Earl Gray, who succeeds Dr. Jim as administrator of Rhodesia, is a tall, good looking man of 45. He was the nephew of the late earl and succeeded to the title less than two years ago. He is a quiet, rather reserved, man, but is reputed to be possessed of considerable ability in business affairs. He has lived an adventurous life and has traveled a good deal in South Africa. His wife, who was a Miss Holford, has also seen something of South African life.—London Tit-Bits.

Eggs In the Arts.

Calico print works use 40,000,000 dozen eggs per year, wine clarifiers use 10,000,000 dozen, photographers and other industries use many millions, and these demands increase more rapidly than table demands.—Germantown Telegraph.

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CATARRH

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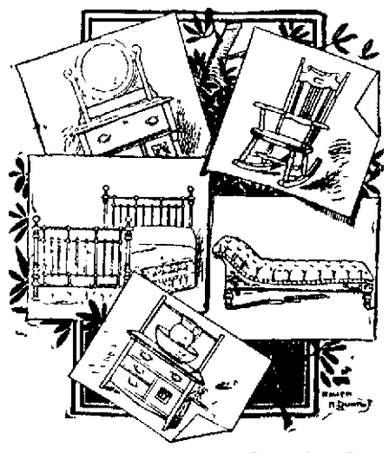

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THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1896.

The county commissioners are reported to be troubled by the washouts caused by recent rains, and desirous of issuing more bonds to cover the cost of repairs. The roads are in bad shape, very likely, but the people of the county will prefer that they remain in poor condition rather than that the public debt be increased at this time. A year ago the city of Massillon was in much the same situation. The council wisely decided to do nothing to the streets, except that which was demanded to insure the safety of the public. The consequence was that this year the council was enabled to resume operations on a satisfactory scale, and slightly reduce the rate of taxation, also. Let the county commissioners follow this wise example.

The trouble is not with our money. There is plenty of that for every man who can find work to earn it. It comes out of hiding quick enough for the individual who can secure his own note. We are buying too much and selling too little. The government costs more than it takes in. There's the rub. Will that condition be improved by changing the character of the money itself? Will it put a wheel in motion? Will it close our ports to European productions or drive our surplus flour and corn to foreign markets? Not at all. The same depression would continue with free silver, and the only difference would be the added distress growing out of a change of financial policy. We are in the frying pan now, and it is a poor plan to jump into the fire. With free silver men will have to work for wages just as they do now, and can any of them honestly believe that another sort of a dollar will improve the chances of getting the work to do? The popular impressions that free silver means an opportunity for everybody to fill his private coffers, and that 16 to 1 means the right to exchange one of the dollars of today for sixteen of the new kind, are erroneous.

THE PLANKS CONTRASTED.

Has everybody read and compared the Bryan financial plank and the McKinley plank on the same subject? This is the Bryan resolution:

"We demand the free and unlimited coinage or both silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be a full legal tender, equally with gold, for all debts, public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal tender money by private contract."

And this is the statement of principles to which McKinley adheres:

"We are unalterably opposed to every measure calculated to debase our currency or impair the credit of our country. We are, therefore, opposed to the free coinage of silver, except by international agreement with the leading commercial nations of the world, which we pledge ourselves to promote; and, until such agreement can be obtained, the existing gold standard must be preserved."

The Chicago platform means that every Massillon workingman or capitalist, who has a dollar in a national bank, savings bank or loan association, will be paid in dollars now worth fifty-three cents, and that every man who has debts may pay them in fifty-three cent dollars. The talk of the Democrats and Populists that a United States dollar cannot depreciate as long as it contains 371.25 grains of silver is palpably absurd. The value of any coin of final redemption depends upon its bullion value. No law can give value or create it. The law can confer the name "dollar" upon a bit of silver of given weight, but it cannot make it buy more than fifty-three cents, measured by the gold standard, buys now.

RAILROADS OF THE UNITED STATES.

The eighth report of the interstate commerce commission was completed on July 18, and it tells an instructive story. Reference is made to the effect of the continued business depression, and the large number of receiverships. On June 30, 1895, 169 roads were reported in the hands of receivers, showing a net decrease of 23 during the year. The roads under receivers operated 37,855.80 miles of line, which shows a decrease of 2,963.01 as compared with 1894. The railway capital represented by these roads was nearly $2,500,000,000, or about 22 20 per cent of the total railway capital in the United States.

Here are some interesting facts: The total railway mileage in the United States on June 30, 1895, was 180,657.47 miles, an increase of 1,948.92 miles, or 1.09 per cent being shown. The increase in 1894 was 2,247 48 miles, or 1.27 per cent, which was less than for any preceding year during the period for which reports have been made to the commission. The territory and states in which the increase in mileage exceeds 100 miles are Arizona, 247.41 miles; Illinois, 188.70 miles; Pennsylvania, 157.00 miles; Maine, 132.86 miles; Texas, 110.41 miles; and Montana 105.79 miles. The aggregate length of all tracks in the United States on June 30, 1895, was 236,894.26 miles. Included in this total track mileage were 10,639.96 miles of second track, 975.25 miles of third track, 733.12 miles of fourth track, and 43,888.46 miles of yard track and sidings.

A total equipment of 1,306,260 locomotives and cars is employed, and the number of men engaged in railroad work is 785,034. The total amount of railway capital on June 30, 1895 was $10,985,203,125, or $63,330 per mile. The gross earnings of railways of the United States for the year ending June 30, 1895, were $1,075,371,462, an increase of $2,009,665 for the year being thus shown. Passenger revenue was $252,246,180, showing a decrease of $33,103,378, or 11.60 per cent for the year. Freight revenue increased $30,502,549, or 4 36 per cent, being $729,993,462 for 1895.

The expenses of operation for the same period were $725,720,415, which were $5,693,907 less than for 1894. The important unit in railway statistics designated as the coefficient of operating expenses to operating income, for 1895, was 67.48 per cent.; for 1890, 65.80 per cent. The income from operation, $349,651,047, though $7,703,572 greater than it was in 1894, was yet less than for any other year since 1890.

The records show that that the capital employed in railroad operations is not especially remunerative, and that a high order of executive ability is required to prevent bankruptcy.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

Mr. S. addresses a series of questions to THE INDEPENDENT which, for the sake of convenience will be divided, so that the answer may follow the question.

1. What is the exact meaning of "demonetization?"

Answer—The word demonetization means an act depriving a medium of exchange of current value, or of withdrawing it from use as money. Strictly speaking, silver has not been demonetized since it has not been deprived of value, but is circulated at par. Usage, however, has given the word a different shade of meaning, and the fact that silver is not admitted to free coinage is popularly spoken of as its demonetization.

2. (a)—What is the exact relation of silver money to gold money at the present time?

(b)—To what extent is silver money a "legal tender?"

Answer. (a)—Silver and gold are maintained at a parity by our government at the present time. That is to say every dollar issued by the United States, whether of gold, silver or paper, has the same purchasing power as any other dollar. The intrinsic value of the silver is not equal to that of gold, but the United States government, by its guarantee to make one dollar the equal of any other dollar sustains the equal relation. This guarantee is made good by holding in the treasury a reserve fund approximating $100,000,000 in gold, out of which it exchanges gold for greenbacks on demand.

(b) Silver is a full legal tender to any amount. Silver dollars are also exchangeable on demand for silver notes, and the face of these notes declares that the United States "will pay to bearer one dollar in coin." It will exchange treasury notes for silver or gold. Silver dollars are legal tender for all debts, public and private, "except when otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract."

3. If not too long can you print in full the law which demonetized silver in 1873?

Answer—The law of 1873—the socalled crime of 1873, covers 15 pages of our statutes. The essential feature of that law is found in the following language: "That the gold coins of the United States shall be a one dollar piece, which at the standard weight of 25[illegible] grains *shall be the unit of value.*" It then deprived silver of its right to unrestricted coinage.

4. Was a law passed in 1878 bearing on the silver question? If so, what was it?

Answer—In 1878 the Bland-Allison act became a law, and provided for the purchase of not less than two millions nor more than four millions dollars worth of silver bullion per month by the government, and this to be coined into standard silver dollars, all of which circulate at a maintained value. The Sherman act of 1890 repealed the Bland-Allison act, and increased the amount of purchase to four and one-half million ounces per month. The purchase clause of that act was repealed in 1893.

Any other questions on this subject THE INDEPENDENT will be glad to answer to the best of its ability.

Neighbors, but Not Friends.

Kennard Miller and John Frieg, of Beech Grove, are neighbors, but not friends, and they are the defendant and complainant, respectively, in a case of assault which will be tried before Mayor Schott Friday morning. Miller pleaded guilty to a charge of assault and battery preferred by the same Frieg several days ago.

John Welchenbaugh, who complained to Justice McMillan that Frank Hardesty had threatened to assault him, could produce no evidence to that effect, and the case has been dismissed.

It would be hard to convince a man suffering from bilious colic that his agony is due to a microbe with an unpronounceable name. But one dose of DeWitt's Colic and Cholera Cure will convince him of its power to afford instant relief. It kills pain. Z. T. Baltzly, G. B. Fulton.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

John Tschantz Loses His Crop At Dalton.

BARN AND CONTENTS BURNED.

The Loss Will Aggregate Four Thousand Dollars—The Structure Contained All of the New and Part of the Old Crop—News of Other Towns.

DALTON, July 28 —A valuable barn on the John H. Tschantz farm near this place was struck by lightning and totally destroyed by fire Monday afternoon. The contents of the barn were also consumed. The structure contained 100 tons of hay, 35 acres of unthreshed wheat and 400 bushels of old oats. The live stock escaped, excepting two calves. The loss is estimated at $4,000, and the building was insured for $1,700 and the contents for $2,000. The barn was comparatively new, having been erected but four years ago.

LETTER FROM ORRVILLE.

ORRVILLE, July 28.—The school enumeration of this place as just taken shows there to be a total of 546, of which 274 are males and 272 females.

At the W. J. Winkler horse sale on Saturday, 70 horses were sold, amounting to $6,850.

D. S. Amstutz sold 250 of the Alderfer crates on last Saturday during the horse sale that brought people from far off.

The Central Ohio Fair Association at their last meeting decided to erect a new grand stand. It will be 30x100 feet. Buildings will be painted and refitted, and many new features added. Wednesday will be bicycle day, children under 15 years of age will be admitted free on that day. There will be four days of fair this year.

We are glad to note that James D. Angus, who was recently married at Dalton to one of the girls here, has now made this place his home and has moved here.

Miss Daisy Geisinger has gone to Cleveland to enter the Conservatory of Music.

The Deible Bros. of this place, have leased the meat market of Chas. Wecht, of Dalton, and have already taken the shop in charge

The A. M. E. church of Newark, O, will hold a camp meeting on the fair grounds here beginning on August 1, and continue until August 10. They will have the Jubilee Singers along too.

On July 30, the Knights of the Maccabees will have their excursion to Silver Lake.

The William Baugh residence on South Main street is being erected by Mr. Jesse Good, one of our foremost builders and contractors.

Miss Elizabeth Brooks, of Elyria, addressed the missionary meeting at the Reformed church on last Sabbath evening.

KEPT THE CAN 34 YEARS.

ORRVILLE, July 28.—In the summer of 1862 Mrs. Hannah Dorland, of Congress, Wayne county, canned a quart of cherries taken from a tree which bore for the first time and which had been planted by a son who had gone to join the army. The son lost his life on the ill-fated Sultana and now lies at the bottom of the Mississippi. She kept the can until last week, when she opened it and found the fruit as delicious as though recently canned

LIVE CANAL FULTON NEWS.

CANAL FULTON, July 28.—Adam Baltz, an aged resident of this place, died suddenly this morning of apoplexy. He went to bed last night in his usual health. Between three and four o'clock this morning he spoke to his wife about getting up, as he intended going to the mine to work. A few minutes later she noticed that he did not reply to her questions and that he was breathing heavily. He soon became unconscious, and died before a physician could reach him. His age was 63 years.

On Sunday afternoon while a number of children were playing in the Catholic cemetery, they accidentally pushed over a small tomb stone, which fell upon the six year-old daughter of August Brandt, breaking her leg above the knee.

This community was visited about 8 o'clock last night by a pretty lively rain and wind storm. Oats and corn were leveled to the ground and a good many fruit and shade trees were blown down. No other damage was done.

CRYSTAL SPRING LETTER.

CRYSTAL SPRING, July 28.—John Aman, a farmer residing on the Shoemaker farm, near Pauls, and a companion, Chas. Martin, were on their way to town. Descending a steep hill, some defective part of the harness tore, causing the buggy to strike the horse on the heels, which started the animal off at a break-neck speed and smashed the buggy into splinters. Mr. Aman was seriously but not fatally injured, while his companion escaped being injured.

James Beitel, jr., an employe at the Hernbrook mine, grasped a red hot pick by mistake, Monday morning, and had his hand severely burned.

The storm Sunday night, which lasted but a few minutes, did considerable damage to fruit.

CRYSTAL SPRING HAPPENINGS.

CRYSTAL SPRING, July 27.—Mr. and Mrs. Myron Beatty, of Massillon, spent Sunday with the former's parents...Mr. and Mrs. James Patterson, of Navarre, spent Sunday with Will Hoagland... Quite a large crowd attended the dance which was given last Saturday night in Pahlau's hall. Music was furnished by the Little German Band...George Nebel and F. Leonard had contemplated going to Columbus, but owing to important business the trip was abandoned.

The barn floor dance held a Augustus Stuhldreher's, last Thursday night, was largely attended. H. M. Platt served refreshments. Good music was in attendance...Work has been commenced of sinking a shaft on the Mitchner farm, near Philip Sonnhalter... Philip Meiner spent a few days with McDonaldsville friends...Hernbrook and North Massillon mines are working nearly full time. Millport No. 1 about one day a week...Miss Sarah Piper was a guest of Massillon friends a few days last week...John Leonard, after visiting Cleveland friends for a few days, and seeing the greater part of the city, returned home Friday night...It is rumored that there will be two more weddings in the near future.

MT. EATON LETTER,

MT. EATON, July 27.—Capt. A. C. McClure, congressman from this district, was in town Sunday...J. J. and S. A. Schlafly drove to New Philadelphia on Friday and returned Saturday evening ...Miss Ora Schlafly is visiting friends in Beach City...Daisy Scott, of Wooster, returned home Sunday after a brief sojourn among friends in town...Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Rab, a son...Quite a number from here attended a camp meeting near Beach City, Sunday...Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lamser and family, of West Lebanon, visited in town Sunday, the guests of Prof. and Mrs. Rab...Almond Chatelain and Mr. Fry, of Mt. Hope, were in town Sunday...Mr. and Mrs S H. Villard, Mr. and Mrs. Julius Desvoignes and Mr. and Mrs S. A. Schlafly drove to Beach City, Thursday evening...Mrs. Fred Villard shook the Mt. Eaton dust from her feet Thursday evening, and went home to live with her father.

VERY MUCH EXCITED.

So Much So That They Forgot to Return the Change.

NEWS FROM NEARBY TOWNS.

A Woman Killed Near Goshen by a C., L. & W. Train—Pawnee Bill's Troubles—The Usual Chatty Letters from Newman and Elsewhere.

CANAL DOVER, July 29.—C., L. & W. train No. 8, due here at 7:26 p. m., struck and killed a woman near Goshen during the heavy storm Monday night The woman and her husband, who is a miner, named Smith, were walking on the track. The man succeeded in getting clear of the train, but the woman was struck and cut to pieces. Coroner Welty, of this city, held an inquest Tuesday.

Pawnee Bill's show was badly demoralized by the terrific rain and wind storm Monday night. The canvass was blown to pieces, the horses, Indians and "Greasers" were stampeded, while the occupants of the ticket wagon became so badly rattled that they forgot to return the admission fee to four hundred people who had entered, notwithstanding the fact that no show was given.

THE NEWS OF NEWMAN.

NEWMAN, July 29.—The Misses Susan Davis and Jennie Clark, of Massillon, visited friends here Thursday.. Contractor Koontz, of Massillon, was a business visitor at the Masters residence Saturday...Philip Baker, a former resident of this place, but now of Crystal Spring, renewed old acquaintances Monday... Mr. and Mrs. M. Davis spent from Saturday evening to Monday evening with friends at New Philadelphia...Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Griffiths spent Sunday in Massillon, the guests of their daughter, Mrs. Fred Ostenheimer...Marion Piper and his amiable family have moved their household effects to Coshocton where he has secured a good position... A wagon load of Canal Fulton's young people held a sociable party in honor of Miss Myrtle Young at the Mrs Cyrus Young residence Wednesday evening... Miss Clara Stoolmiller, of North Lawrence, while out for a ride on her bicycle Thursday, spent a few hours in our village with Miss Maggie Findley.

Mr and Mrs. George Selway, of Massillon, enjoyed the country breezes on Sunday with relatives in our village

Our Sunday school excursion to Chippewa lake last Wednesday was a success. Fully 150 boarded the special train at the defunct Paul's Station, and had the rain not interfered this number would have swelled easily to 200, for there was quite a number of members of the school who failed to go, owing to the wet grassy road they had to travel to the train. The school desires to thank their many friends for turning out in the rain to assist in making the children happy, and more especially to those coming from a distance. Mr. John Doubledee deserves the thanks for conveying a large number of children to and from the train free of charge...Our Populist friends in this precinct, the home of "Senator" Coxey, don't seem to swallow the Democratic pill administered them at St. Louis last week, as easily as was expected. We are inclined to believe that the pill "will have to be re-sugared and made more palatable to the taste before most of them will swallow it next November...The many friends of G. L. Albrecht, of Massillon, was very much pleased to see his smiling face again in our village, Tuesday, after his severe siege of sickness.

BEACH CITY NEWS.

BEACH CITY, July 29.—Monday night's storm did a great deal of damage in and about our little city. The Beach City mill was unroofed, as were also a number of barns; wind-pumps wrecked, trees destroyed, with a great loss of fruit. Reports come in from the country of buildings unroofed, stock killed and forest trees blown down. It was the most destructive storm that many of our citizens have ever witnessed...The camp meeting is still in progress. Large crowds with much interest manifested was the report from Sunday's services. Providentially the storm did no other damage at the camp grounds than to destroy a number of trees...The festival given by East Side string band at Sugar Creek Falls, Saturday night, netted the boys quite a nice little sum...Communion will be observed at the Lutheran church next Sunday evening. The Sunday school of this church will hold its annual picnic in the Welty woods, one week from next Saturday. The many friends are invited to attend...Mark Hanna's private secretary, E. B Smith, stopped at the Shetler House Saturday night...Miss Ora Schafly, of Mt. Eaton, is visiting at the home of her uncle, Frank Schafly...Harry Schafly returned home from Mt. Union college, Friday, to spend his summer vacation...Dr. Siegrist was a Bolivar visitor Tuesday.

STEPPED ON A RAKE.

NORTH LAWRENCE, July 29.—A valuable horse belonging to William Myers stepped on a rake handle the other day, breaking it in two, and then fell in such a manner as to force one of the pieces into his side, inflicting an injury which subsequently caused its death.

The Minglewoods defeated the Ashlands at the latter place yesterday, by a score of 8 to 1.

A LETTER FROM KOCH OR MAYSVILLE.

KOCH, July 29.—We had quite a cyclone last evening and a big rain that did a lot of damage...Mrs. Culberston, sister and brothers are visiting at L. Malcuiet's, from Akron...People here are making cider.

BLEW HIS HEAD OFF.

Result of a Boiler Explosion Near Waynesburg.

HENRY KETTRING THE VICTIM.

The Water Became Too Low in the Boiler and it Exploded, Tearing off his Head and Wrecking a Part of his Residence Near By.

WAYNESBURG, O., July 27.—Henry Kettring's head was blown off this morning at 9:30 by the explosion of a boiler. Mr. Kettring was a machine agent, who lived a mile out of town. He was turning an iron shaft for the purpose of cutting a thread on it this morning. It is supposed that he neglected to watch the water in the boiler and it became too low. The boiler exploded, and a fragment struck Mr. Kettering on the head, tearing it off. Another fragment struck the bay window of his handsome home, 300 yards distant, and completely wrecked that portion of the structure. Mr. Kettering was well known throughout Stark county.

WILLIAM WITMER'S ALIBI.

He Was Eating a Watermelon When Mrs. Dreason Was Struck.

It was not John K. Jacoby and William Witmer who pounded on the front of Madame Sibila Dreason's Canal street residence, last Tuesday night, at about 11:45 o'clock, and when she came to the door struck her on the head with a cane or club and ran. At least Mayor Schott could find but little to that effect in the evidence of the numerous witnesses Monday evening and he discharged them both.

By the testimony of his parents and a younger brother, John Jacoby proved that he had retired early that evening

Mrs. Dreason, her daughter Kate, and son William, swore positively that it was Jacoby who assaulted the complainant. William Dreason testified that he arose after the trouble was all over and standing in front of the door saw a man running south. Although about 25 yards distant he knew the fleeing person was Jacoby, because he was lame and carried a cane.

Policeman Ertle, for the defense, testified that he called at the Dreason home shortly after the disturbance and asked every member of the family if they recognized any one in the crowd. They said they did not.

Constable Frank Ertle told the court that he was sent to the Dreason house Saturday by a man who said he had committed an assault there some time before and was willing to pay a good round sum to have the matter hushed up. He testified that neither of the defendants sent him and that Mrs. Dreason refused his offer. Miss Media Wendling, after telling the court that Mr. Witmer was her sweetheart, testified that they ate watermelon at Mr. Witmer's home until about 9:30 o'clock Tuesday evening and then went to her home in Duncan street where they ate another melon and conversed until after 1 o'clock. This statement was corroborated by the testimony of her father and various other persons who saw them from time to time.

What the Signals Mean.

Again there are inquiries for the meaning of the weather flags on THE INDEPENDENT building The white flag always points to fair weather, the solid blue flag to rainy weather, and the white flag with a black square in the center is the storm signal, and in winter the cold wave flag. The black triangular flag relates to temperature only. When it does not appear stationary temperature is indicated. When it appears above the weather signal, rising temperature is promised; when it appears below, falling temperature may be expected.

Great Oaks from Little Acorns Grow,

Is a line from the trite old verse we used to recite in our school boy days. It was a forcible application to those small ailments which we are apt to disregard until they reach formidable proportions. A fit of indigestion, a "slight" attack of constipation, it is assumed, will soon pass off, but it is very apt to get worse, and in the meantime is neglected until the ailment becomes chronic, and then, if not entirely eradicated, is a constant annoyance and menace of worse consequences, for diseases, recollect, beget one another. How much wiser to resort to a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters at the outset of the malady than to temporize with it at the start, or treat it with violent remedies in its maturity. Be on time with disease or it may floor you. Malarious, rheumatic and kidney complaints, dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness and nervousness are all disorders of rapid growth, and should be "nipped in the bud" by timely resort to the Bitters.

A Friend for Two Dollars.

The Danziger Magnetic Ring has proved a boon to many sufferers of Rheumatism. it effects a positive cure and dispenses with the necessity of long medical treatment. You will find the advertisement in our columns. In ordering send measurement of ring finger of left hand.

THE WIND AND THE RAIN

Monday Night's Storm One of Great Severity.

GREAT DAMAGE EVERYWHERE.

The Rainfall of Afternoon and Evening Amounts to 1.18 Inches—Mt. Eaton's Visitation the Most Serious in 48 Years —Telephone Companies Suffer.

Monday's rainfall amounted to 1.18 inches. In the afternoon 58 inches of rain fell, and in the evening .60 inches.

The lines of both telephone companies were damaged considerably. Sixty-six fuses were burned out in the Farmers' exchange and several instruments were injured.

The trolley wire in South Erie street fell shortly after the storm Monday evening, and for nearly an hour traffic was suspended on the city line until the damage could be repaired. The interurban line was not injured.

The southwest corner of the building occupied by Jonas Lutz's grocery was also damaged somewhat by the lightning striking it and running down the rain spout to the ground. Several young women in the kitchen of the Sailer Hotel were thrown from their feet by the shock.

During the severe rain and thunder storm last night lightning shattered the flag staff on the Warwick block, destroying a portion of the railing about the top of the Shriver block in East Main street and entered the chimney of the building occupied by Jonas Lutz, the grocer. It is thought that the same bolt struck the three places. Persons who were near by when the crash came claim that the Warwick block was struck a glancing blow and the sheet of lightning passed directly across other buildings to the Shriver block. The damage was slight.

The storms of Monday afternoon and evening greatly damaged the orchards in the country lying east and northeast of the city. Bushels of fruit of various kinds were blown down and many valuable trees were destroyed. The oats which is yet uncut was battered to the earth and much of it ruined. Lightning struck the Myers residence on the inter-urban line last night. The large chimney was torn to pieces, but the property was not otherwise damaged. The creeks north of Canton have left their banks and much of the surrounding land is under water.

A number of incandescent lights and wires in the Hotel Conrad were burned out by lightning last night. In room 47, which was assigned to J. M. Hall, general passenger agent of the W. & L. E. railway, considerable damage was done. Mr. Hall was not in the room at the time, but entered a few moments later.

The north bound C., L. & W. passenger train due in this city at 9:25 a. m., was abandoned this morning owing to a cave-in at the Fairport tunnel. The tunnel is being arched with brick by the company at an expense of nearly $30,000 and the work is nearly completed. The heavy rain storm last night caused a quantity of earth to become loosened and fall upon the track. Traffic will be resumed this afternoon.

DAMAGE AT ORRVILLE.

ORRVILLE, July 28.—Last night during the rain and wind storm the barn of Joseph Snavely was struck with lightning and badly demolished. The bolt sounded like a heavy cannon shot. Last night also John H. Tchantz's barn, south of Dalton, was destroyed for the third time now in twelve years Eight years ago last Sabbath his barn was consumed by this element. Last night he lost his entire crop and farm machinery and some live stock, making a total loss of over $5,000 with an insurance of $3,800. The lightning struck in the wire of the Electric Co. also here last night, cutting off entirely the incandescent lights.

THE WORST IN FORTY EIGHT YEARS.

MT. EATON, July 28 —The greatest storm in forty eight years passed over this section of the country last evening between 8 and 9 o'clock, doing a great deal of damage. Prof. Rab's large summer house was turned over twice. Parts of the roof were carried for a distance of eight or nine hundred feet. The school house roof was nearly all blown off. The roof of the Presbyterian church was damaged considerably. E. C. Number's apple trees are all blown down.

FRUIT TREES UPROOTED.

WEST LEBANON, July 28.—A miniature cyclone swept across Garn Hill, Monday evening, uprooting about thirty fruit trees, all heavily laden, and doing great damage to corn and other crops.

We are anxious to do a little good in this world and can think of no better or pleasanter way to do it than by recommending One Minute Cough Cure as a preventative of pneumonia, consumption and other serious lung troubles that follow neglected colds. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

There is no other remedy on earth so simple, so effectual, so natural, in the cure of summer complaint in all its forms, as Dr. Fowler's Ext. of Wild Strawberry.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair,
DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

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LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

Miss Anna Bamberger is the guest of Columbus relatives

Otto Clever is spending the week fishing south of town.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stevens, in West Main street, a daughter.

Dr. B. J. Miller and family, of West Brookfield, are in camp at Turkeyfoot lake.

Louis Schimke, of Massillon, has obtained a patent upon a can filler for artificial ice.

Mrs. Fannie Pierce and children, of Dayton, are visiting Mr. George Harsh, in Prospect street.

Mr. J. Park Alexander and Miss Alexander, of Akron, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Conrad.

The repairs at the Massillon rolling mills have been completed and work will resume on next Monday.

President M. D. Ratchford has issued a call for a state miners' convention, to be held in Columbus on Aug. 11.

Lawrence Snyder, a member of the Pittsburg police force, is visiting his brother, Joseph Snyder, in this city.

The high school class of 1888 will be entertained on Thursday evening, at the home of Miss Flora Fetzer, in Akron street.

The Glass Workers' McKinley Club will open national headquarters here at once, and continue to work energetically until the close of the campaign.

Work upon the Armory improvements is going on rapidly, the huge skeleton of the new stage loft being a conspicuous object from many points of observation.

A great deal of whooping cough is reported about town at present. Physicians say that eight per cent. of the children under one year of age who contract the disease die of it. Horsemen declare that a mild form of influenza is prevalent.

Salem and Lisbon are gently agitated over the ages of their oldest cats. Salem claimed the record because a cat belonging to one of its citizens died at the age of 14 years and 17 days. Lisbon retorts that it has a cat still alive aged 15 years.

Henry Vincent has returned from St. Louis, where he represented Mr. Coxey. This is his last week under the latter's employ. Mr. Vincent anticipates Bryan's election. He looks for the success of the Democratic nominee in Minnesota, Iowa, Ohio, Illinois, Indiana and Michigan.

Daniel Bruder, son of Patrick Bruder, who resides in State street, accidentally fired a rifle ball through his foot on Monday. The ball was a 32-caliber, and entered at the instep. Dr. Williamson was summoned and will save the foot. Young Bruder had taken the rifle in his hands after his father had killed a dog.

It is reported that the Populists have made overtures of the Democrats to this district. They declare a willingness to support the Democratic candidate if the latter will put up an acceptable man. The Populists wish to have something to say about the candidate and suggest Dr. Lewis, of Alliance, or Editor Potts, of Lisbon.

At a meeting of the state fish and game commission held at Columbus, Tuesday, Mr L. H. Reutinger, of Athens, was elected state fish and game warden to succeed L. K Bunton, of Dayton. Mr. Reutinger has been connected with the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railway for a number of years. At first he was connected with the office of the superintendent at Cincinnati and afterward became train dispatcher. He is now general agent of the road at Athens. He is said to be well qualified for the position and will make a good official.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Pocock gave a delightful dinner party on Saturday evening at their handsome Prospect street residence. There were present Mr. and Mrs. Walter Uillins, Mr. and Mrs. John McSweeney, Miss McSweeney and Miss Jennie McSweeney, of Wooster; Mrs. Collier and daughter, of Pittsburg; and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Steese, Mr. and Mrs C. M. Russell, Mr and Mrs Edwin L. Arnold and Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Pocock, of Massillon. The guests from out of town returned to Wooster at 9:40 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Browne have arrived from St. Louis. J. S. Coxey will return later. He feels very much dissatisfied with his treatment by the convention. He anticipated that his two bills would be endorsed by the committee on resolutions. Mr. Browne was put on guard to watch the first meeting of the committee, while Mr. Coxey went to dinner. During the general's absence the committee organized and Mr. Browne failed to summon his chief. The result was that the committee organized with General Weaver as its chairman by a vote of 22 to 21. Had Mr. Coxey been present he could have organized the committee.

A reunion of the Glessner family was held at Meyer's lake, Tuesday, July 28. Both old and young enjoyed a very pleasant afternoon and evening. Fifty-two members of the family were present as follows: Mr. and Mrs. Wm Glessner, Mr. and Mrs. Winfield Glessner and family, Mrs Mary Betz and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gibson and son, Mrs. L. Menser, of Waynesburg, O.; Mrs. Margaret Lape, Mrs. Harriet Kail and daughter Mary, Leroy, Willie and Lillian Kail, Mrs. Eliza Cassler and daughter Mary, Mrs Isabella Krear, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Spuhler and daughter Effie, Mrs. Carrie Gould and children, Mr. and Mrs. N. Lowry and family, Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Hall and family, of Massillon; Mrs. M. Hintz and family, Mrs. Fred Keefauver and family, of Canton; Mrs. Pomeroy, of Alliance; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gillis and Edith Kail, of Lima; Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Hoffman, of Cleveland. The following named friends were also present: Mrs. Mary Rusher, Amanda Unger and Mrs. Martha Shriver, of Canton; Eva and Carrie Krear, of Canal Fulton; Mrs. Sorrick, of Akron; Mrs. Lupher, of Waynesburg; G. W. Kinnie, of Massillon.

A GARDEN TEA PARTY.

A dispensation from the weather bureau enabled Mrs. Mary Hunt Corns to give a very delightful garden tea party at Mt. Airy, last night, under a cloudless sky. The guest of honor was Miss Laura Russell, and something like sixty friends were present. Tea was served on the lawn, and at dusk the lights of many Japanese lanterns, together with that of the moon, made the grounds so attractive that few people cared to go indoors, until Miss Katharine Huntington consented to sing. Miss Burton played her accompaniments, and for half an hour the drawing room, and all the windows opening into it were filled with those who listened and applauded and asked for more. Among the guests were Dr. and Mrs. A. R. Chapman, of Painesville; Mrs. Stanley Igoe, of Indianapolis; Mrs. Lee, of Cleveland; Miss Wood, of Philadelphia; Miss Huntingtonand Miss Katharine Huntington, of Pittsburg; Mr. and Mrs. David B. Day, Miss Harter Messrs. Edward S. Raff and Ralph S. Ambler, of Canton.

A VERY QUEER CASE

Dr. Jones and His Successor Get Into Court.

ALL ABOUT A $300 NOTE.

The New Physician Charged with Theft by the Old, in Taking Possession of a Note and Altering Its Face by Writing Thereon "This is Void."

Dr. F. G. Jones has made complaint in Justice Sibila's court, charging Dr. J. H. Sanderson with theft. A short time ago Dr. Jones introduced Dr Sanderson among his clients as his successor, late of Edmore, Michigan, and declared his purpose of returning to Cleveland. According to Dr. Jones, he and Dr. Sanderson drew up a contract whereby the latter was to buy the goods and chattels of the former for a cash consideration, and a promissory note for $300, secured by mortgage and due December 31. There was also to be a bonus of $1,000 for the practice, but this was not to be paid unless Dr. Sanderson should realize an income of $2,500 the first year. Among the articles which were transferred to Dr. Sanderson was a double set of harness. He got this for $22, and a day or two ago Dr. Jones offered to re-purchase the harness for $25.

Dr. Sanderson agreed, and Dr. Jones and his wife drove to the Sanderson residence, Monday afternoon, to close the matter, and to endorse the $25 on the back of the note.

Dr. Jones says they met in Dr. Sanderson's dining room, and that he laid the note on the table and asked for a pen. "Then, without warning," continued Dr. Jones, "Dr. Sanderson grabbed the note, and ran out of the room."

Dr. and Mrs. Jones were very much mystified by this performance, and Dr. Sanderson's mother, so they state, deplored her son's act, which could only lead to trouble. The Joneses got up to go, and as they left a little girl came out and dropped the note on the porch, saying that they could have it if they wanted it. Dr. Jones picked it up and found that on the back were the words, "Note not good," and on the face of it, "This is void." Over the signature lines were drawn. So thereupon Dr. Jones drove down town and made complaint, charging his successor with grand larceny.

Dr. Sanderson was seen this afternoon and he gave his version of the affair. "I have been arrested for stealing," said he, "but Dr. Jones has the note, and I have not stolen it. He says he let me have the harness for $22; it was inventoried at $60. I wrote the words as stated on the face and back of the note upon the advice of my lawyers. These are the facts in the case. I was attracted to Massillon by advertisements published by Dr. Jones painting his practice in glowing colors and claiming that it was worth $6,000 a year. I finally came to Massillon and he showed me his books in which the entries indicated cash receipts amounting to over $4,000 a year. It looked like a good thing. I bought the practice, giving Dr Jones $500 in cash, and my note for $300 for his effects, and I agreed to give him $1,000 in the event that I made $2,500 out of the business. After paying him the $500—every cent I had in the world, I found that his practice did not really amount to over $700 a year, and that he had been paying his bills in unkept promises. I assume that I need say nothing about Dr. Jones. The people of the town know his character even better than I. The mere circumstance that I came here as his successor prevents me from doing anything at all. Realizing that my money had been obtained upon false representations, I consulted attorneys and they advised me to do what I did, in order that the note might not pass into innocent hands, and that when due the true state of affairs might be shown, and my further loss prevented. I look to my trial for complete vindication."

Dr. Sanderson concluded his statement by declaring that the note was fraudulently obtained and without consideration.

The note in question is in favor of Mrs Ellen G. Jones, Dr. Jones's wife.

MORELAND SENTENCED.

He Must Spend Three Years in the Penitentiary.

PITTSBURG, July 28.—[By Associated Press]—Ex-City Attorney Morland was sentenced to pay a fine of $26,900 and be imprisoned in the penitentiary three years for embezzlement of city funds. W. H. House, his assistant, was fined $1,000 and imprisoned two years.

Thought His Back was Broken.

The Canton Record says that John Thomas, a farm hand employed by J. S. Coxey, on his farm in Lawrence township, was brought to the infirmary Monday, suffering from what is supposed to be a broken back. While at work in the barn last Tuesday, he fell from the hay-mow, striking his back on a joist. He was cared for at the farm for sometime, but was brought to the infirmary, where he could get better treatment.

Subscribe for THE INDEPENDENT.

DR. JONES ARRESTED.

Another Chapter in the History of a Note.

DR. SANDERSON THE ACCUSER.

He Charges Dr. Jones with Obtaining the Note Upon False Representations—Some Very Unpleasant Things Stated in the Affidavit Before Justice McMillan.

Dr. J. H. Sanderson made affidavit before Justice McMillan, Tuesday evening, charging Dr. F. G. Jones with obtaining money to the amount of $500 and a note for $300 under false pretenses. Dr. Jones was arrested and gave bond in the sum of $500 for his appearance at 8 o'clock next Monday morning. The note in question is the same paper which Dr. Sanderson sought to nullify the other day by effacing his signature and writing "This is void" across its face, and for the alleged theft of which he was subsequently arrested.

The affidavit alleges that Dr. F. G. Jones falsely pretended with intent to defraud Dr. Sanderson, that his medical practice and business for the year 1895 yielded him $6,367.10, of which $3,811.40 was cash, when, as a matter of fact, it did not exceed $1,200 of which but $800 was cash. The affidavit further avers that by various other false pretenses and representations which are enumerated in full, Dr. Jones unlawfully obtained from Dr. Sanderson for medical practice and business and property, the sum of $100 and on June 30, 1896 the further sum of $400 and also procured his (Dr. Sanderson's) signature to a certain promissory note dated July 6, 1896, payable to F G. Jones or order, on or before December 31, 1896.

MALSILLON BOYS IN BAD LUCK.

A Lot of them Arrested by an Akron Game Warden.

"Camp Massillon," which was established at Turkeyfoot lake on Tuesday of last week, was rudely broken up on Tuesday last by Deputy Game Warden Young and an assistant of Akron. The campers were ten boys from this city, gentlemanly fellows who went to the lake to enjoy an outing and intended to injure no one. They had scarcely gotten settled in camp life when they were pounced upon by these officers in an alleged malicious and unwarranted manner. On Sunday there were visitors in camp and several of the boys, during the course of the day, began to shoot at mark with a flobert rifle. They noticed strangers lounging about the place and later recognized one as Warden Young. The latter, the boys claim, urged them to compete with each other in rifle practice. On Tuesday Young and his assistant returned armed with warrants for the arrest of five who were at Camp Massillon on Sunday charging them with discharging fire arms on the Sabbath day. This law is designed to prevent Sunday hunting.

The boys were taken completely by surprise and badly frightened, not having the slightest idea that they had violated a law. The warden took Harry Pille in charge and drove to Massillon last night. The other members of the camp followed, arriving this morning. Upon arriving here Warden Young presented warrants for Hershey Meek, Harry Pille, Perry McConney and Lynden and Clarence Howald. They assembled in Lawyer Garrett's office and the case was settled by telephoning to Justice A. W. Hall, in Akron, by the boys paying $1 and the costs—$9.80 each. The settlement was made upon the advice of the attorney. Had the case been taken into court the cost to each individual would have been great. Perry McConconney and Clarence Howald were loath to plead guilty, however, not having had the gun in their hands. There is no doubt but that the boys were imposed upon.

THIS IS SINGULAR.

Why is Carl Browne the Object of Favoritism?

To the Editor of THE INDEPENDENT:

Certain newspaper paragraphs, now in circulation, convey an impression that the return of Carl Browne to this city, is in a measure due to an understanding with me, in relation to withdrawal of the charge of criminal libel, preferred by me, upon which charge Browne was duly held under bond, to answer in the probate court. Failing to appear and his bondsmen not being pressed by the court, the costs, as allowed by the commissioners, were paid by the county, and in no case or sense was I consulted either directly or indirectly in regard to the matter of Browne's return; the payment of the costs to the county by Mr. Coxey, or in any manner have any knowledge of any purpose or effort on the part of Coxey and Browne to "make up" until I noticed the statement of the fact in your columns.

Very respectfully,

T. H. SEAMAN.

The information of THE INDEPENDENT is that the case was nollied upon the advice of the prosecuting attorney. Mr. Coxey certainly sent over his check to cover the costs. It seems rather strange that Mr. Seaman was not consulted in the matter.

Advertised Letters.

List of letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Massillon July 28, 1896:

LADIES

Cover, Mrs. Nancy — Price, Miss Tena
Herman, Miss Tena — Rudy, May A.
Stewart, Miss Anabel

MEN.

Acklin, Francis — Diamond, W. H.
Arnold, J. B — Hanry, Jonas
Morgan, E. A. — Beldaham, Lester
Rex, Ora — Currier, Arthur
Seidel, Geo. E. — Conway, Zenas
Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs Alonzo
Williams, A. Ed.

Persons calling for the above named letters will please say advertised.

FELIX R. SHEPLEY, P. M.

Now is the time to subscribe.

A NEW FIELD OF COAL.

Found Saturday on the George Selders Farm.

Coal has been found of good quality, and four feet and six inches thick on the George Selders farm, one mile east of West Lebanon. This discovery followed the sinking of the first test hole by the Masters Brothers, who control the lease. This is the first discovery in that neighborhood and is believed to foreshadow some important developments.

THE COUNCIL AS GUESTS

Entertained by the Fire Department With Music.

MUCH BUSINESS DISPOSED OF.

The Bicycle Ordinance Goes Over—Contracts Let for City Work—Large Amount of Miscellaneous Business Transacted and Accumulated Bills Paid.

The city councilmen were really the guests of the central firemen last night, for the meeting was held in the assembly room at the reel house. The firemen pride themselves upon the neat appearance of their abode and surely deserve credit for their ability as house keepers. Desks and comfortable seats were provided last night and even cut flowers adorned the desks of President Huber and City Clerk Haring. During the session a male quartette sang in the street below and several selections were rendered by a mandolin club.

Engineer D. C. Borton presented a profile of the extension of Sippo street, and it was referred to the paving and grading committee.

The street commissioner reported an expenditure of $317 79, during two weeks ending July 18. A motion to draw an order for the amount was agreed to.

A petition was presented wherein Michael Burk requests the council to investigate damages to his property by storm water. The petition was referred to the sewer committee on Mr. Kramer's motion.

A communication from Wendal Brediger proclaims that his property would be damaged to the extent of $600 by the proposed grade in Wooster street. On Mr. Brown's motion the street and alley committee was instructed to adjust the claim for any sum not exceeding $100, Mr. Brediger having previously agreed to accept that amount.

ACTION ON THE ORDINANCES.

An ordinance providing for the maintenance and government of a fire department in the city of Massillon was read a second time.

An ordinance providing a grade in Cliff street was read a third time and passed.

The bicycle ordinance which has been given two readings and was referred several weeks ago, was not reported.

The paving and grading committee, to whom the bids for city work were referred, awarded the contracts to the lowest bidders as follows: Jacob Kohlmeier, excavating; Frank Simons, furnishing and laying gutter stones; John Russell, laying curved curb corners. Frank Clementz was awarded the contract for all other city work. The awards were approved by the council on a motion by Mr. Geltz.

The select committee's report was unfavorable to the proposition to pay Mr. Kaufman, of Canton, $300 for numbering and recording out lots in the city. No other action was taken.

Resolution by Mr. Paul, providing for the improvement of Cedar street from Thorn to Cherry street, by grading Mr. Smith's motion of adoption was agreed to.

Resolution by Mr. Paul to construct curb and gutter in Cliff street. Adopted.

On Mr. Geltz's motion the clerk was instructed to communicate with J. W. McClymonds, requesting permission to change the grade in Walnut street.

ANOTHER DAMAGE CLAIM.

Henry Wetter, from the lobby, called the attention of the council to the damage to his property by storm water. He was referred to the sewer commission.

Messrs. Paul and Kramer presented a resolution which provides that the city shall lay all curbing necessary in North Mill street, unless property owners proceed to do the same within ten days, the expense to be assessed to the property with penalty attached. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

As so many complaints have been made recently about clogged storm water sewers, Mr. Kramer proposed a plan which, if carried out, will prove beneficial. His idea is to compel the park tender to clean, after each rain, gutters crossing streets and leading into sewers. On Mr. Paul's motion the street and alley committee was authorized to confer with the park commissioners.

The prison and police committee was instructed to confer with the water company, in an effort to secure proper water connections at the city prison, free of charge

Mr. Smith's motion to instruct the paving and grading committee to repair a crossing, corner North and Center streets, was lost. Messrs Brown, Geltz, Jacoby, Reay, Kramer and Huber voted no.

Mr. Jacoby's motion instructing the sewer committee and sewer commission to meet the township trustees on Friday evening, to discuss plans for carrying storm water from Richville avenue, was agreed to

The purchase of four hose jackets at a cost of $35 each by the fire committee was approved by the council on Mr. Brown's motion.

M'KINLEY COMES HOME.

He has no Plans That Will Take Him From Canton.

CLEVELAND, O., July 29.—Major McKinley will leave for Canton this afternoon. His visit to Cleveland has been in all ways a most agreeable one. He has had an opportunity to consult freely with Mr. Hanna and other active factors in the political fight, and he will return to Canton with a definite notion of the lines upon which he wants the campaign conducted Major McKinley has received many demonstrations of popular favor since he has been here.

He thinks he will remain in Canton throughout the rest of the campaign In reference to the report that he had agreed to be present and make a speech at the opening of the Ohio campaign, he said that he had had no communication on the subject with any one, and that his engagements would keep him in Canton.

On Wednesday afternoon a delegation from the Republican club of Chicago University will come here and present to Major McKinley a bust of McKinley, by Hirsch, the sculptor.

The Knoxville (Pa.) Republican club writes as follows:

Major William McKinley, Canton, O.

Dear Sir:—A delegation of Knoxville, Pa., citizens, two hundred or more, will leave here next Thursday, July 30, to visit you at your home in Canton. The club will leave here at 2 o'clock p. m., and expect to arrive at Canton about half-past four.

Very truly yours,

J. F. GRIMES.

Robbed a Faro Bank.

CINCINNATI, July 29.—[By Associated Press]—Two men with drawn revolvers entered a faro bank at Haber's garden, in the southern part of Kentucky, last night, while a game was in progress, and robbed the bank and players and escaped.

You need Hood's Sarsaparilla to enrich and purify your blood, create an appetite and give sweet, refreshing sleep.

Small in size, but great in results. DeWitt's Little Early Risers act gently but thoroughly, curing inoigestion, dyspepsia and constipation. Small pill, safe pill, best pill. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

They All Come Back

"There are fads in medicine as well as in other things," said a busy druggist, "but the most remarkable thing about Hood's Sarsaparilla is that customers who try other remedies all come back to Hood's, and this is why the enormous sales of this great medicine keep up and continue the whole year round, steady as a clock.

"Why is it?" "O, simply because Hood's Sarsaparilla has more real curative merit than any medicine I ever sold."

This is of daily occurrence in almost every drug store. Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured more sickness, and made more happiness through restoration to health than any other medicine.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the standard—the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

MR. RATCHFORD REPLIES.

He Stands by His Platform and Surrenders no Political Rights.

In the Cincinnati Enquirer of Saturday last appeared a special dispatch, dated Wellston, O., reflecting somewhat upon State President Ratchford of the miners' association, on account of his visit to Major McKinley while in Canton a few days ago, stating that "under the rules of the association all officers are supposed to avoid politics, and to those rules they must adhere." When the above was shown Mr. Ratchford by an INDEPENDENT reporter who asked if he had anything to say on the subject, he replied:

"My first impulse was to treat it with the consideration that all such statements deserve, knowing that the writer or his prompters, or both, are either densely ignoraut of the rules of our organization and are anxious to parade it, or that they are masking behind a pretended principle, adroitly urging the triumph of a very different cause than that of the strength and efficiency of the miners' association. In either event their purpose will fail. Our miners are too well informed as to our declaration of principles and the duties of their officers, to be deceived or mislead by ignorant or unscrupulous men who are ever ready to gain their own ends at any cost.

"Our constitution says, 'That any salaried officer of this division (Ohio) accepting the nomination for any political office, shall at once resign his position as an officer of the United Mine Workers of America.' On this platform I stand consistent with the pledges I have taken, and am willing to even go a step farther and say, that in my judgment, the stump taken for any political party, should have the same meaning, a forfeiture of offices; further than this it is not expected that any of our social or political rights be surrendered, and any statement to the contrary is a reflection on our organization, with or without the knowledge of those who have made and given it circulation

"The policy of our organization is not one of narrowness nor selfishness, nor do we want the reading public to understand that we seek no relief through politics and legislation. We stand upon the broad principles of trades unionism, ever ready to improve and advance the condition of the working classes, through any lawful or legitimate channel, even though it be an appeal to the national congress.

"As to my visit to Major McKinley when in Canton, I have only to say, that Mr. McKinley is our neighbor and aside from politics we respect him, and with thousands of others have called to pay a social rather than a political obligation.

"It is not by any means the first time we have done so, we met when he represented our district in congress, and later when he was governor of Ohio we solicited political favors, not for ourselves, but for deserving men from our ranks, as we have done more recently with his successor, and done so by order of our convention, which action of itself had nothing more been said, shows the erroneousness of the Enquirer dispatch of Saturday last."

Mrs. Rhodie Noah, of this place, was taken in the night with cramping pains and the next day diarrhoea set in She took half a bottle of blackberry cordial but got no relief. She then sent to me to see if I had anything that would help her. I sent her a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and the first dose relieved her. Another of our neighbors had been sick for about a week and had tried different remedies for diarrhoea but kept getting worse. I sent him this same remedy. Only four doses of it were required to cure him. He says he owes his recovery to this wonderful remedy.—Mrs. Mary Sibley, Sidney, Mich. For sale by the Saltsman Drug Co.

Farmers, Take Notice...

I have leased the . . . .

POCOCK FLOURING MILLS

Of this city, and they are now in full operation. Being a miller of large experience I can

Guarantee to Give You Good Satisfaction.

I am in the market at all times for first-class wheat and will pay as high price as any dealer in Massillon.

I Respectfully Ask You to Give Me a Trial.

Respectfully,

MASSILLON. ...M. NEAL.

We are not sure that you saw our ad. for the past week or that you ever see it. Your loss if you don't. The Low Price we are selling Straw Hats at puts us to thinking everybody saw the ad. We have a few more left.

—○—

3 pairs of Hermsdorf Black Hose for 50c.

—○—

Star Negligee Shirts $1.47.

—○—

2 of those Wash Tubular Ties, 25c.

SPANGLER & Co.

Everything for outing.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

AS OTHERS SEE US.

William E. Curtis Drives to Mt. Eaton.

HEARS ABOUT THE CANCER BELT

How the Free Silver People Talk and Feel in Eastern Wayne County—He Makes Another Important Hygienic Discovery and Exalts the Pokeberry.

Mr. William Eleroy Curtis, the Washington correspondent of the Chicago Record, has been writing out his reminiscences of a very recent trip to Mt. Eaton. He picked up quite a variety of useful information, and here it is:

"Down in Wayne county, west of Massillon, is a cancer belt, as they call it, a strip of country about thirty miles long by twelve miles wide, which offers a field for bygienic research that some medical genius ought to invade. They say that five of every six women in this district are afflicted with that frightful malady, and that most of them die of it as if they were under the curse of the gods. There are several local explanations for the prevalence of the disease. The most curious of them attributes it to cherry trees, with which the roadways are lined. But so far as I could learn there has never been any scientific investigation, and the local doctors have no theories to advance.

"Wayne county is a Democratic stronghold. It can always be counted on to give a big majority for that ticket, no matter what candidates are running, and in a gerrymander by the Ohio legislature in 1890 it was thrown into McKinley's district so as to defeat him for congress. I was over there two or three weeks ago, and stopped at the well-kept hotel in a village among the hills, where they gave you seven kinds of preserves, five kinds of pie and six kinds of cake for dinner. I asked the landlord how the people were going to vote this year, with their neighbor running for President.

"'Every mother's son of them will vote the Democratic ticket, as usual,' he replied. 'Me and my hired man are the only Republicans in this township.'

"'But you tell me they are not in favor of the free coinage of silver. Why, then, should they vote the Democratic ticket?'"

"'Because they always have voted it. That's straight,' he said. 'They have their views on the money question, and that sort of thing, but they are Democrats all the same and always will be Democrats, simply because they always have been.'

"Another interesting and hygienic discovery I heard of down there is that the common poke or pokeberry that grows in the pastures or by the roadside in much profesion is a certain cure for obesity. They tell me that if a fat man will eat of them regularly, say a couple of quarts a day, he can reduce his flesh at the rate of ten pounds a week without feeling any discomfort and without altering his diet except to abstain from potatoes, bread and other fattening foods. This discovery was made by a farmer, who noticed that the birds that lived on the pokeberry patches were always very lean. He fed the berries to a hog as an experiment, and in a couple of weeks the animal was a skeleton. They had the same effect upon chickens, and finally being blessed with an overabundance of flesh himself, he began eating them. Within a month, by the time the berries were gone, he had reduced his weight more than twenty-five pounds, and since then some of the neighbors have adopted the same cure with similar results."

BAPTIST CHURCH DEDICATED.

A Promising Congregation Attends the Services.

The modest little German Baptist church at the corner of Jarvis avenue and Green street, whose congregation consists of thirty-five devout souls with the Rev. L. Von Lanyi as pastor, was dedicated Sunday with appropriate services. The Rev. G. A. Schulte, of New York, general superintendent of the American Missionary Society, preached the morning sermon in the German language, taking for his text the 16th and 17th verses of the 28th chapter of the Book of Genesis. A general open meeting was held in the afternoon at which brief congratulatory addresses were delivered by the Revs. Wm. H. Shults and E. P. Wise. German services were again held in the evening, the Rev. Mr. Schulte choosing for his subject the 11th to 12th chapters of the First Corinthian.

Mayor Schott also spoke a few words of congratulation.

The new church is a model of neatness, and, including the purchase of the lot, was erected for the congregation by Geo. W. Schrock, at a cost of $1,670. It is entirely free of debt, $326 having been raised by the congregation, $174 collected in the city, $671 donated by the German Baptist church outside of Massillon, and $500 by the American Baptist Home Missionary Society.

A German Baptist congregation was first organized in this city in July, 1893, with fourteen members. Services were frequently held and occasionally a minister from Cleveland would come down and assist them. In December, 1894, the present pastor, Mr. Von Lanyi, was stationed here and has labored incessantly ever since for the erection of a house of worship. The chandalier was presented by the German Baptist congregation, of Meriden, Conn., and the organ by the Dayton church.

Only One Line That Does It.

There is now only one line operating through double daily service from Missouri river points to California, and that line is the Union Pacific.

The Overland Limited is the fastest train in the West, and its equipment of free reclining chair cars, buffet smoking and library cars, Pullman dining and sleeping cars is unsurpassed.

No other line offers equal facilities for California travel. For further particulars send for advertising matter of the Union Pacific, the original overland route. James D. Welsh, General Agent, Room 35, Carew Building, Cincinnati.

Subscribe for THE INDEPENDENT.

WORK TO BEGIN AT ONCE.

Hundreds of Men After Jobs on the State Hospital.

Myers & Company will begin work on the Massillon hospital for insane, under the contract recently awarded, tomorrow or Wednesday. Fifteen men will be employed at once and the number increased daily until a force of from 100 to 150 men has been secured All labor, both skilled and unskilled, will be employed in Massillon. The contractors will employ foreign foremen. Several hundred have applied to Superintendent Richards for work and those needed will be selected from the list.

HORSE THIEVES ABOUT.

Theft of a Black Mare from the Fulton Road Reported.

A black mare, three years old, and weighing 1,400 pounds, shod in front, was stolen some time after midnight Sunday morning from the barn of D. C. Miller, on the Fulton road near Canton. A liberal reward will be paid for its return. There was also stolen a road wagon with corduroy trimmings, a heavy set of breast harness, heavy fly net, two blankets and a duster. Thus far no trace of the thieves has been found. A great many cases similar to this are being reported in this part of Ohio at this time.

Sick-poison is a poison that makes you sick. It comes from the stomach, and the stomach makes it out of undigested food.

The blood gets it and taints the whole body with it. That's the way of it.

The way to be rid of it is to look after your digestion.

If your food is all properly digested, there will be none left in the stomach to make sick poison of.

If your stomach is too weak to see to this properly by itself, help it along with a few doses of Shaker Digestive Cordial.

That's the cure of it.

Shaker Digestive Cordial is a delicious, healthful, tonic cordial, made of pure medicinal plants, herbs and wine.

It positively cures indigestion and prevents the formation of sick-poison.

At druggists Trial bottles 10 cents.

A Handsome Book for a Two-Cent Stamp. New Publication by the D. & C. Line.

To those who contemplate taking a summer outing, we will mail for 2c. postage our illustrated pamphlet, which contains a large number of fine engravings of every summer resort between Cleveland, Toledo, Detroit and picturesque Mackinac. It has many artistic half-tones of points of interest of the upper lake region. Information regarding both short and extended tours, costs of transportation and hotel fare, etc. Address A. A. Schantz, G. P. A., Detroit, Mich.

Half Rates to Omaha

Via the Northwestern Line (Chicago & Northwestern railway) August 15, 16 and 17, 1896—one fare for the round trip. On August 24 excursion tickets at very low rates will also be sold from Omaha to Denver and the famous Hot Springs of South Dakota. For full information apply to ticket agents of connecting lines or address W B. Kniskern, G P. & T. A, Chicago, Ill.

Harvest Excursions.

In order to give everyone an opportunity to see the grand crops in the Western states and enable the intending settler to secure a home, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. has arranged to run a series of harvest excursions to South and North Dakota, and to other states in the West Northwest and Southwest, on the following dates: July 21, August 4 and 18, September 1, 15 and 29, and October 6 and 20, at the low rate of two dollars more than one fare for the round trip. Tickets will be good for return on any Tuesday or Friday within twenty-one days from date of sale. For rates, time of trains and further details apply to any coupon ticket agent in the East or South, or address Wm. Kelly, jr., Traveling Passenger agent, Buffalo, N. Y.

Low Rate to Salt Lake

Via the Northwestern Line (Chicago & Northwestern railway) August 6 and 7, 1896. For full information apply to ticket agents of connecting lines or address W. B. Kniskern, G. P. & T. A, Chicago, Ill.

$1.50 to Pittsburg Sunday, Aug. 2

From Massillon on special train at 6:10 a. m., central time, via Pennsylvania Lines' popular Sunday excursion. Returning leaves Pittsburg at 7, Allegheny at 7:07 p. m., Aug. 2.

A Peoples Excursion to Pittsburg

Sunday, Aug. 2nd, via Pennsylvania Lines; $1 50 round trip from Massillon on special train at 6:10 a. m, central time; return in the evening at a seasonable hour, giving many hours in the Iron City to see the sights, hear the sacred concerts in the parks, which are free to the public, see flowers in the conservatories and the animals at the zoological gardens.

Sunday Excursion to Pittsburg

Aug. 2, via Pennsylvania lines. $1 50 round trip from Massillon. Special train leaves at 6:10 a. m., central time; returning leaves Pittsburg at 7 p. m.; Allegheny 7:07 p. m., Sunday, Aug. 2nd. All day to enjoy the numerous attractions of Allegheny and Pittsburg Sacred concerts at Schenly and Calhoun parks free to visitors.

For your Protection.—Catarrh "cures" in liquid form to be taken internally usually contain either Mercury or Iodide of Potassa, or both, which are injurious if too long taken. Catarrh is a local not a blood disease, caused by sudden change to cold and damp weather. It starts in the nasal passages. Cold in the head causes excessive flow of mucous and if repeatedly neglected, the results of catarrh will follow, and oftentimes an offensive discharge. Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowledged cure for these troubles and contains no mercury nor any injurious drug.

What costive people need is a natural laxative like Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets which are powerful without being violent. They move the bowels gradually and comfortably but surely. You can regulate the dose—one, two or three "Pellets"—exactly as you need. They strengthen the intestines to do their own work, so that after their movements become regular they keep on naturally of themselves.

Now is the time to subscribe.

FARM AND FIELD AND GARDEN

GRANARY INSECTS.

Protecting Stored Grain—Bisulphide of Carbon Will Destroy the Pests.

In bulletin 132 from the Michigan State Agricultural college station G. C. Davis makes these suggestions concerning the control of the common granary insects. The first thing he observes is, "Never put new grain into a granary on old grain." The second point to remember is to "clean the bins and granary thoroughly each year before new grain is put in. If granary insects are suspected after cleaning, fumigate with bisulphide of carbon or some such gas before the new grain is put in. It will cost less and can be better done before the new grain is put in.

There is only one practical method by which we can rid the granary of the most of its insect pests after they are once well established in the grain, and that is by the use of bisulphide of carbon. This clear liquid is very rapidly converted into a gas on being exposed to the air. Owing to its being heavier than air it settles rapidly through the grain and quickly permeates the whole of it. It is highly inflammable and explosive when ignited, and care must be observed in keeping all light and fire from the gas or near where it is confined. Local druggists rarely keep the bisulphide of carbon in stock as it so readily evaporates, but probably your druggist would order it for you. If not, it can be ordered by yourself from some wholesale drug house in one of our larger cities

If insects are present in the grain and it is desired to treat them with the bisulphide of carbon, first consider whether the granary or the bin is comparatively tight. If it is very loose and open and cannot be tightly closed, it may be necessary to remove the grain to a tighter receptacle, as the gas will escape too quickly and the insects will merely be stupefied. Wheat bins and bins for ground feed can easily be made tight enough. If a cover is lacking, wet blankets thrown over the grain may serve as covers. When the bins containing the grains are tight, a pound of the bisulphide is said to be enough for 100 bushels of grain. For a moderately tight bin, 1 or 1½ pounds to each ton of grain is surer, and there is no danger of injury to the grain either for food or for seed when used at this rate. The liquid may be poured directly on to the grain by distributing it well over the surface. It may also be placed in open dishes or on an absorbent such as cotton batting, where it will evaporate more slowly and last longer. Where the grain is more than four or five feet deep in the bins, portions of the bisulphide should be put down near the middle of the grain and about every two or three feet apart. A piece of gas pipe will be suitable for this purpose. Inside the gas pipe should be a cylindrical stick that can be drawn out of the pipe as soon as it is pushed down into the grain as far as desired, and then the bisulphide can be poured down the gas pipe.

After the liquid has been applied, cover the grain as quickly as possible and leave it covered for 24 or 36 hours, when it can be opened up and aired. A second application may be found necessary in a month or two after the first is made. The bisulphide of carbon will kill mice and rats that may be held in the bin by inhaling the poisonous gas, and it is also injurious to man when inhaled in large quantities. There is no danger in its use if handled with judgment.

In Time of Drought.

Under our present modes of cultivation the farmer can do little for the crop during the time of actual drought. Ordinary cultivation is of comparatively little benefit during a prolonged dry season. Its most effective work is before the dry spell sets in. No matter what the value of the crop and no matter how much this value is concentrated on small areas of land there is practically but little to be done to save the crop. Irrigation should be used as an insurance against the loss of crops. A small pond fed by a windmill would often save a garden or a small area of a valuable crop from destruction or great injury during a dry season. A small portable farm engine, which would be available at other times for cutting feed, thrashing grain and other farm purposes, could be used to drive an irrigating pump during the dry seasons. This would be particularly valuable for tobacco, truck and other crops which are grown under a very intensive system of cultivation.

Cotton Seed For Swine.

At the Iowa station the following conclusions have been made: (1) Cottonseed meal is fatal to hogs when fed in sufficient quantity, the total amount required to prove fatal being in this case from 27 to 33 pounds per hog. (2) Cottonseed meal added to a corn and cob meal ration for hogs materially increased and cheapened the gains over corn and cob meal alone. (3) Cut clover hay added to a corn and cob meal ration and soaked 12 hours before feeding gave no advantage in gain over corn and cob meal alone. No injury was sustained by the hogs running 17 weeks with cattle consuming 4 to 7 pounds of cottonseed meal daily.

Sorghum For Swine.

Sorghum is an excellent food for hogs in that it is cheap and that they thrive well on it, but it ought not to be fed exclusively or in large quantities to brood sows. The chief nutrient in sorghum canes is the sugar, and while it has been proved to be a fattening food for hogs it does not furnish the element of growth that a sow carrying pigs should have, and if fed to her she should, in addition, have some shorts or other concentrated food rich in muscle forming elements.

CARE OF BEDS AND BEDDING.

A Few Shrewd Observations on an Everyday Topic.

There is a vast difference in the way different housekeepers manage and care for their beds. Some of them fully believe in the fresh air theory and during pleasant weather, as soon as their toilet is made, up go the bedroom windows and the pillows are laid upon the sill for an airing; the bedclothing, if not removed and thrown on a chair, is turned down over the foot of the bed. If a feather bed is used, that is also well shaken up and left until the bed is again made up, sometimes in the forenoon. This management is in strong contrast to the usual plan of never touching a slept in bed until it is again prepared for the sleeper, yet in the item of health there is perhaps no discernible difference.

The children living in homes of squalor and wretchedness, whose bedding is perhaps not changed once a month, are quite as healthy and cheerful as those who sleep in bed linen changed daily. The Chinaman who sleeps on his pillow of wood is quite as strong and usually less nervous than the "Mellican man" who rests his head upon downy pillows. However, this is no excuse why beds should not receive proper care and a thorough airing frequently, if not daily. It is certainly a matter of habit, and the daughters usually in this line follow the practice inculcated by their mothers.

Bedclothes that are stored away should be aired several times each year as moths and the carpet bug will raise sad havoc with them if not properly attended to. Camphor gum or fine tobacco scattered between each fold will keep out the former, but cannot be depended upon as a panacea for the carpet bug. If mice are known to be about the premises, traps should be properly baited and placed near their haunts, as at nesting time they will riddle bedding to make a soft nest. A close fitting chest or trunk makes the safest storing place for all unused clothing, bedding, etc. A large plain trunk can usually be purchased for a small sum, and will pay its cost every year in the safety of its contents.—Germantown Telegraph.

Knew All About It.

A consequential young man called at the marriage license office, gave the necessary information and was given a pink certificate directed to the treasury department.

"Now," said Clerk Danforth, "you take this to the fee department of the treasurer's office, down stairs at the other end of the main corridor, pay $2 and get your receipt. Then"—

"Thanks. I guess I can attend to the rest of the affair myself, sir."

Danforth only smiled. The same night at 10 o'clock there was a ring at his door. He threw on enough clothes to make himself presentable and hurried down. At the door he found the young man who had called for the license.

"What kind of a confounded blunder did you make?" he demanded. "I asked for a license and got this," and he waved the treasurer's receipt for $2.

"That is only the receipt for your money. If you had brought that back to me, I would have issued the license," said Danforth.

"Why didn't you say so?"

"I tried to, but you knew it all and wouldn't let me."

"Well, I want a license. The guests are all at the house waiting, and the minister won't marry us till I get a license."

"All right. Let them wait. Come to the city hall tomorrow during office hours and I'll issue a license. Good night!" and the young man who knew all about it was shut out in the cold night.—San Francisco Post.

A Family Reunion.

As the eminent after dinner orator sat down, the thin young man with the nose glasses arose and said:

"Delightful as this occasion is to all of us, to me it is fraught with a higher, holier joy than comes to the rest of you. I have just made the discovery that the eminent speaker is my great-grandfather."

They scanned him critically, but he presented no evidence of being overcome by potations. He continued:

"The incident the gentleman has just told as happening in his own experience is one which I have often heard my grandfather relate as an experience of his father. Knowing, as I do, the perfect veracity of both the eminent speaker and my grandfather, the statement I have just made I make with full confidence in its correctness."

JUDGE FOR YOURSELF.

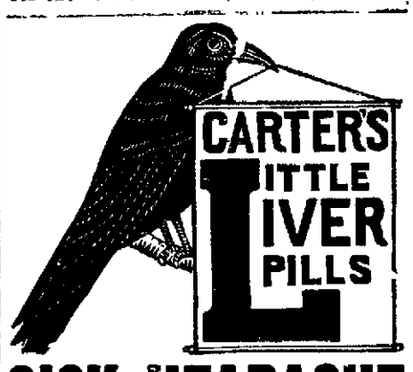
Which is Better, Try an Experiment or Profit by a Massillon Citizen's Experience?

Something new is an experiment.
Must be proven to be represented.
Be successful at home or you doubt it
The statement of a manufacturer
not convincing proof of merit.
But the endorsement of friends is.
Now, supposing you had a bad back,
A lame, weak or aching one.
Would you experiment on it.
You will read of many so-called cures.
But they come from faraway places.
It's different when the indorsement comes from home.
Easy to prove that it is so.
Home endorsement is the proof that backs every box of Doan's Kidney Pills?

Read this case:

Mrs. Thomas Leahy, mother of Mrs. Thos. Hagan No 328 S. Erie street with whom she makes her home, says:- "I am now going on 72 years of age and I have lived in the city the greater part of my life. I had La Grippe five years ago and it affected my kidneys, causing backache a good part of the time pain in the sides over the hips and up to the shoulders, particularly when I stooped over. It was more severe in changeable weather, or when I took a slight cold, and it became so bad that when the doctors found they could not relieve me they said, "Oh you are too old we can't help you." My daughter got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills at Baltzly's drug store thinking they would do me some good. They have done so, and that in a very short time I have found them so beneficial that I can commend them with great pleasure. If Doan's Kidney Pills will help a person of my age I am quite sure they will help any one

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold for 50 cents per box, or six boxes $2 50, by all dealers, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Foster-Milburn Co, sole agents for the United States, Buffalo, N. Y.



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Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Substitution

the fraud of the day.

See you get Carter's,

Ask for Carter's,

Insist and demand

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

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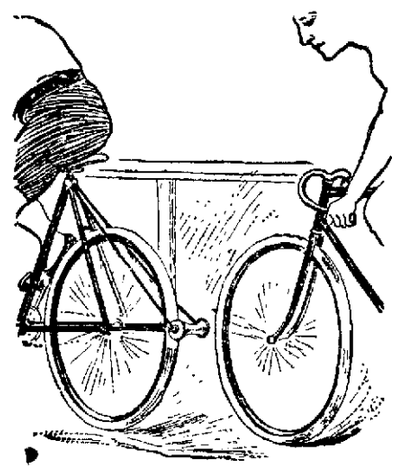
CYCLERS AND CYCLING.

A Dangerous Practice Indulged In by Racing Men.

AN INGENIOUS FRENCH DEVICE.

A Contrivance Designed to Eliminate One of the Greatest Sources of Danger In Cycling Contests—A Little Gossip About Cheap Wheels.

The ways of the cycle racing man who is looking for victory without regard to the means employed to achieve it are numerous and devious. Most of the tricks to which he resorts are exceedingly dangerous, too, and Chairman Gideon of the racing board of the L. A. W. is after him with a sharp stick, which is certain to be felt when it falls. This is as it should be. Outside of the danger to the other participants in a race, the spectators should not be compelled to witness dangerous spills which are the result of the unpardonable conduct of an unprincipled racing man, and the public is not slow to resent such



THE SAFETY SPOOL DEVICE.

practices by the prompt withdrawal of its patronage, without which there would be no meets.

One of the most common tricks is known as "leaning." It is usually the result of a combination between two riders against another who is considered the probable winner. The slower of the two conspirators makes it his business to lay alongside the man whom it is desired to beat, and when the latter attempts to go to the front on the last turn for the purpose of making the run down the homestretch to the finish line to lean far over toward him so that the momentum of his rush will have the effect of knocking him off his wheel, or at least of causing him to swerve so badly that before he can straighten himself out and resume his clip the ally of the leaner is so far ahead that there is no possibility of overtaking him. The allegation has been repeatedly made this season that two very intimate riders have been systematically working this game, and that in that fact may be found the secret of the phenomenal success of one of the pair. In this particular case, however, the accusation appears to have been unjust, and it is even asserted that it was trumped up by the man who originated the leaning trick in order to divert suspicion from himself, and afford him the opportunity to reform while the feeling was strong against the accused. At any rate the result is apt to redound to the benefit of cycle racing, for it has been determined to break up the practice without regard to whom it may hurt, and it is exceedingly unlikely that any of the circuit chasers will have the hardihood to attempt a thing which they know will be punished severely.

To Prevent Upsets.

Any person who has attended a number of race meets is almost certain to have seen one or more upsets resulting from the poor judgment of a rider who has allowed his front wheel to run into the hind wheel of the man just ahead of him. As the direction of turning of one wheel is upward while that of the other is downward somebody must go down. And that they always do, as also do nearly all the racers in the rear. The tangle of wheels and human limbs which follows is very trying to the nerves of sensitive people in the audience, especially the ladies, who form a large percentage of the patrons of cycle racing. It is seldom that a rider emerges from one of these mix ups without some more or less serious injury, and it is therefore the desire of all that some means be devised that would lessen the danger in this respect. Scores of plans have been adopted experimentally and abandoned after a short experience, as most of them increased rather than diminished the danger. The ingenious French people have at last hit upon something which bids fair to be accepted as the final solution of the vexed question. Each competitor at some of the recent race meets in that country has been required to carry a contrivance on the rear of his bicycle which, while it adds a trifle to the weight of the machine, has been hailed with delight by competitors, as there is now no danger of accidents from what was before the most prolific cause. At the back of the braces there is a spool which hangs independently from the wheel of the machine to which it is attached. As there is no point of contact with the wheel, it does not turn except in case of necessity, which arises when the man behind fails to gauge his speed accurately and runs up to the fellow ahead of him. Under ordinary circumstances there would be a spill, but with the French device the wheel simply bears against the spool on the machine in front without doing the slightest harm. As, in addition to this advantage, the rider is actually helping his competitor by the pushing along he gives him, he is apt to be very careful not to get too close. It is to be hoped that this simple device will be given a trial at some of the meets in this country.

About Cheap Wheels.

There has been a great deal of space in many newspapers given up to the discussion of the question of cheap bicycles. Some writers assert that most manufacturers can put their product on the market at a cost of about $30 apiece, while others declare just as positively that the profit on first class bicycles sold at $100 each is already ridiculously small and that no further reduction is possible. As usual in controversies of this sort each side is right a little bit and wrong a great deal. A retailer can make more money on some wheels at $40 each than he can on others at $100, and that this is so is easily accounted for. Large manufacturers, and even small ones up to the present year, have been selling their product through the medium of agents, to whom it was the practice to assign certain exclusive territory. These men, owing to the comparatively limited demand for any one make in a small territory, had to have enormous discounts in order to scratch a living out of the business. Here at one fell swoop the selling price to the maker was reduced to $60 or $70.

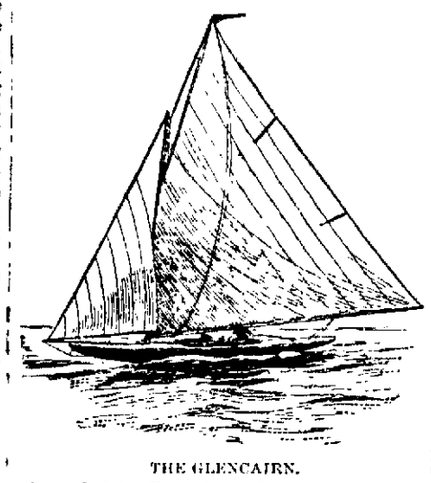
This year a large number of irresponsible men went into the business of building wheels with the expectation of making good machines and becoming wealthy rapidly. They tried to get good agents and failed to do so. Many of them followed that with a failure in which the sheriff was an important figure, and the wheels simply had to be sold and were sold. This naturally limited the demand to that extent, and as a result a number of large makers have been obliged to dispose of a portion of their output to dry goods stores for whatever they could get rather than take chances of carrying them over to next season. It must be said that many if not most of the cheap wheels are dear even at the small prices charged. They have, however, unquestionably left their impress on the bicycle trade, and it would surprise no one to see many recognized high grade wheels sold next season direct to dealers at a price which would leave them a small profit at $70 or thereabout. Some few makers will surely keep up to $100, and with the liberal guarantees they give and the attention bestowed upon customers even after the purchase money has been paid the price will be given by many if for nothing else than the feeling of security which it buys.

A MIDGET CUP WINNER.

The Glencairn, the Canadian Half Rater Champion of the World.

England may be able to sometimes defeat our athletes, and we may be unable to win the Thames Grand Challenge cup, although Columbia college did do the trick on one occasion, but up to this time there has been one branch of sport in which the United States has reigned supreme. That is yachting. Boat after boat for many decades has been sent to New York for the purpose of endeavoring to win back the Queen's cup, which the gallant old America brought to us so many years ago, but no one of the many craft has yet succeeded in getting within hailing distance of the coveted trophy. Last year Canada sent her little half rater, Spruce IV, to this country to compete for the international cup offered by the Seawanhaka-Corinthian Yacht club of New York. She came uncomfortably close to winning it, too, taking two out of four races and being beaten by the Ethelwyn in the fifth by the narrowest of margins.

Not at all discouraged the Canadians again challenged, and the result of the races just concluded demonstrates that they were wise in their day and generation, for their representative, Glencairn, easily beat the American defender, El Heirie, in three straight races. Glencairn, in fact, was never headed in any of the contests and demonstrated that she is the most remarkable boat in many ways that the world has ever seen. While the America's cup races excite more interest, these are of much more practical benefit, for they represent an improvement in a class of craft which it is within the power of a man of very moderate income to own, and which is also coming into very general use for utilitarian purposes. Another good phase of the victory of Glencairn was that she cost about one-fourth as much as her competitor and was not of the absurd



THE GLENCAIRN.

piano finish affected by those persons who foolishly take it for granted that the greater the cost of anything the better the quality.

The Glencairn is built after the scow style. One of her most striking characteristics is the extremely short water line, which makes it possible for her to carry 300 feet of canvas. In light winds this is a great advantage. Her general measurements are 23 feet over all, 6 feet 3 inches beam, 5½ inches draft with centerboard up and 5 feet with it down, and only 12 feet 6 inches water line. She has a finely drawn entrance into the water, which is carried aft of the midships section. Her run is smooth and easy, although short on the water line. Her steel centerboard weighs 100 pounds and is a compromise between the dagger and old fashioned centerboard. Her underbody shows the effort to attain buoyancy to reduce the water line, and in that it has been successful, although it does not look pretty. Her cockpit is self bailing, and she carries a balance rudder. Her hull is lead weighted. Her masthead is 21 feet above the deck, and she peaks up 4 feet higher. Her hoist at the throat is only 9 feet, which makes her gaff 15 feet in length. Her boom is 20 feet. When under sail she kicks up a big fuss in the water for her size, throwing quite a wave to leeward.

Sullivan Will Train.

John L. Sullivan is so stout that he finds it hard to move about with agility. He weighs 280 pounds and is putting on flesh every day. He has threatened lately to do some training and reduce his weight. He says he is in earnest about it this time. Sullivan was asked if he thought Sharkey would ever supplant him in the affections of the public, and if he believed he would be able to defend the title of champion if he ever became one as long as he did. "He might if he takes care of himself," said Sullivan, with a smile, "but he must not yield to temptation. As to whether he will be as popular as myself, it is hard to say. All he has got to do is to be on the level, fight when he gets the chance and stop talking too much. That's the way to get solid with the masses."

The Famous "After Dark" Suit.

Judge Shipman of the United States circuit court rendered a decision recently in New York based upon new testimony in the case of Augustin Daly, the playwright and theatrical manager, against William A. Brady. Brady is charged with producing a scene from Mr. Daly's play "Under the Gaslight" in his own melodrama "After Dark" without the consent of the author. Judge Shipman awarded Mr. Daly $50 for each performance of the play by the defendant. The play was produced 126 times by the defendant, so that the award aggregates $6,300 for Mr. Daly.

VIVIAN'S LIFE A BURDEN

Harvard Boys Make It Hot For Little Lord Fauntleroy.

TWO HARD YEARS AT COLLEGE.

Not Permitted to Forget That He Was the Hero of the Popular Juvenile Novel—His Hard Initiation In Pi Eta Society—Other Ordeals.

Vivian Burnett of Washington, the original of Fauntleroy, has just finished his sophomore year at Harvard. He has gone on his summer vacation, and needs it, for life probably has fewer charms for him than for any young man who ever went to Cambridge.

Vivian Burnett is the son of Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett, the writer. When he was a little boy, she put him in a book,

VIVIAN BURNET IN HIS PI ETA INITIATION COSTUME.

which everybody read and which nobody who read can forget.

Vivian Burnett wishes they only could forget it, for it is making his college life more than half a bore. He was Little Lord Fauntleroy. He ran beautifully for a long time in St. Nicholas. He had a stupendous sale in book form. He found his way into Christmas stockings and made many little hearts happy, and at last came out upon the stage and was played in half the theaters of the country by such child actors as the Gerry society did not put an embargo on. His fame traveled to England. He was translated into various foreign tongues.

It was lovely while he was a toddler, but he is a college man now, and nights when he puts his head—with the famous curls all gone from it—down on his pillow in Quincy hall he is sorry that the maternal genius ever took the notion of transmogrifying him into "the little lord" and making a household word of him.

Harvard wouldn't be Harvard—or any sort of an American college at all—if it gave Burnett any chance to forget that he is the original of Little Lord Fauntleroy.

It doesn't make any difference how masculine he may grow to be. He may have a voice like Old Boreas and the whiskers of a Peffer or an Orson. Harvard will always call him "Curly Locks" and say things to him about his velvet collars. His classmates, with a persistency which only classmates know, will remind him of his cunning little talks with the grocer and all the cute and winsome things he did when he was the sweet little boy in the book.

And when class day comes and he gets his diploma he will be guyed and grilled by the class day talkers until maybe he'll swear.

For all that Burnett is known in Cambridge as a chap who is getting about all there is to be gotten out of college life. He is neither a "grind" nor a "sport," but just an easy going youth, who keeps a fair class standing and for the rest gets all the fun he can without impairing his nervous system or his status as a gentleman.

Perhaps the worst funmaking on the Fauntleroy lines that Burnett was forced to undergo was when he was a neophyte in Pi Eta society. He had to stand no end of joking. They made him tog himself up in the whole detested Fauntleroy outfit. The initiation ceremonies last three whole days, and before the end of the ordeal the sufferer thought he was paying pretty dearly for the red bandanna handkerchief, the long hemp rope and the short iron bar which are emblems of the society, and which now decorate his quarters in Quincy.

There was no getting out of it. He wanted and had started out to be a Pi Eta, and he either had to bear the impost of probationary misery or give up, withdraw his name and abandon all hope of the distinction.

The preliminary teasing he had endured told him plainly that if he wanted membership in the society he would have to play Fauntleroy. So he was not surprised when the mandate came. He was ordered to go forthwith and secure Fauntleroy clothes to fit his now well developed figure and wear them until further notice. But it was especially imposed on him not to omit any detail of the makeup. He must go the whole figure.

And he went it. He visited a high priced tailor and ordered a suit of Fauntleroys that would have made Elsie Leslie's heart jump for joy. Short breeches, velvet collar and all—nothing was overlooked. His haberdasher got some fine, long, black silk hose for him, and from a wigmaker he secured a wig that was a wonder. It looked like molten gold.

Fauntleroy was as pretty as ever, only bigger. And the word of the rulers was that he should wear it all, and thus work out his title to membership.

Then the fun began. Wherever Fauntleroy went the cry was sure to go. It made the students laugh and play to see him dressed up so.

In immaculate misery he walked around, and when the senior members smoothed his shining locks he didn't dare "upper cut" or reach out with his left or do any indelicate thing like that. He just had to smile and smile and be a Fauntleroy still—and a still Fauntleroy.

After he had stood two days of chaffing, had been chucked under the chin and pinched and tickled in the ribs for a "pretty boy" and a "sweet thing" and "too cunnin," he took one of the prominent Pi Eta men to one side and told him a sad story.

The guying was insufferable, he said. Ordinarily he wouldn't mind it at all, but it brought vividly to mind the thought of his brother, now dead, who, he said, was really and truly the original Little Lord Fauntleroy.

This took the listener entirely by surprise, but he swallowed the statement, hook, bob and sinker, and the Fauntleroy banter ceased. But to this day there are men in the society who cannot make up their minds whether the story was literally and altogether true or not.

The biggest "tear" that Fauntleroy has ever made since he went to Harvard was when Pi Eta, which ranks every whit as high as the famous Hasty Pudding for theatrical shows, produced its opera, "The Alcalde." Burnett was cast for Gitana, the gypsy girl, and he covered himself with Spanish girl's clothes, face paint and all sorts of glory.

Performances were given not only in Cambridge, but in Boston, Lynn and Salem, and at all these places Burnett was the drawing card. The Boston papers fairly overran with humorous praise of him, and the awful boy pretended he didn't like it a bit.

He was "made up" to a nicety, with black tresses and a short skirt, and when he sang and danced the way in which his plump legs flew brought forth applause galore. He was the heroine of the show, and people who had seen in the Boston papers pictures of him as Gitana shouted, "There he is!" "That's Little Fauntleroy!" and cheered him to the echo.

A man who is finishing his second year in college has not had time to push very prominently to the front, but Burnett for a sophomore is a youth of large acquaintance and wide popularity. Of course he will be wanted in future Pi Eta shows, and he will doubtless be one of the best known men in '98 by the time that class comes around to Sander's theater for its sheepskins.

But even there fame will not let him drop. He'll be Fauntleroy until he becomes that well known and quaintest of creatures, "the oldest living graduate."

A MATRIMONIAL PICNIC.

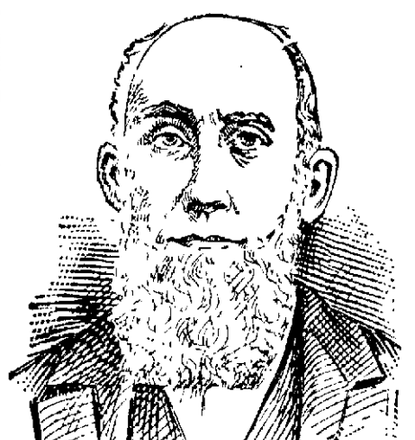
Unique Reunion of the Couples Married by Rev. W. L. Meese.

"The queerest reunion in history" is what the people call the proposed gathering to be held in Auburn, Ind., Aug. 20. There are reunions and reunions, but this is the most novel one of them all. It is to be composed of the men and women who have been united in marriage by Rev. W. L. Meese during his ministry in Auburn. They form a fair proportion of the population of Dekalb county, besides being represented in every state in the Union. This novel idea has taken immensely with them, and the prospects are that there will be a gathering that will be memorable.

For years Rev. William L. Meese, or Uncle Billy, as he is familiarly called, has presided at a large share of the matrimonial ceremonies held in this county, and it developed into a popular impression that the thing was not properly done unless it had his pious sanction.

Rev. Meese has no record of the couples he has married, but thinks the number cannot be less than 1,500. He announced the idea of the reunion a short time ago, and it was cordially received. It will be an all day affair. A brass band has been engaged to enliven the occasion with music, and a grand chorus of voices will assist it.

The reunion will be held in a beautiful grove at the edge of the town. There will be hammocks and swings and enough good



REV. W. L. MEESE.

things to eat to make the hearts of the visitors glad. Intermingled with the music will be oratory and recitations, and the finale will be a grand march led by the first couple married by Rev. Meese. They are George Swineford and wife (nee Belle Hornberger). The newest married couple will have the honor of the left of the line, and no one will venture to guess who they will be, as Rev. Meese has announced that he will marry any one free on that day who makes application. When the procession has reached the proper position, they will "about face" and will be taken by a local camera man, who has been fortunate enough to secure the exclusive right to the job.

For 40 years Mr. Meese has been a Methodist exhorter and preacher in Dekalb county, and in this time he has made the acquaintance of nearly every man, woman and child in the county. He was twice elected sheriff by an overwhelming vote. His popularity with the country people knows no bounds. He officiates at their marriages and funerals and is consulted in naming the newborn children, and it has been said some of them would actually refuse to die unless they were assured that Uncle Billy would officiate at their funerals.

Climb a Tree to Marry.

When two Negritos, a people of the Philippine islands, are united, the whole tribe is assembled, and the affianced pair climb two trees growing near to each other. The elders then bend the trees until the heads of the couple meet. When the heads have thus come into contact, the marriage is legally accomplished and great rejoicings take place, a fantastic dance completing the ceremony.

Crazed by the Lack of Snow.

One of the most prosperous lumber merchants of Sangerville, Me., is now in an insane asylum because of a lack of snow during the past winter. Last fall he took big contracts to cut and deliver lumber, and after cutting it could not deliver it because there was no snow, a most unexpected and unusual contingency. Disappointment and anxiety did the rest.

Barreled Himself Up.

A South Brewer (Me.) milkman, who was working in the field behind his house, a few days ago, crawled inside an empty barrel to escape a shower and couldn't get out again until his wife came to his aid and cut the hoops.

Guest Sues His Hostess.

An English society lady is being sued for damages by a guest, a man, who got hurt in the elevator shaft in her house.

A GREAT HIT.

One Case of Clay Worsteds Just Received.

BREED

Will sell you a Clay Worsted Sack Suit, Blue or Black, 21 and 22 oz. goods, $25 and $26 values for

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You can wear them the year round

For Thirty Days Only and for Cash.

THE INDEPENDENT contains the cream of the Court News. Now is the time to subscribe.

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Workingmen and farmers wanted to locate in the South. No blizzards; no cold waves, no sunstrokes. Land on the line of the QUEEN & CRESCENT sells for $3.00 to $5.00 an acre, and on easy terms. They're raising 40 to 50 bushels of corn per acre. Grass grows green ten months in the year. Healthy climate. Good churches and schools. Write W. C. Rinearson, G. P. A., Cincinnati, for books and maps. Round-trip tickets South June 2nd and 16th, July 7th and 21st, Aug. 4th and 18th, Sept. 1st and 15th, and Oct. 6th and 20th, about half rates; one-way tickets first Tuesday each month, half rates. Go South and find the easiest place on earth to secure your own home, with your own

LAND AND A LIVING

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Taking effect May 10, 1895.

Going East.	No. 1*	No. 3†	No. 5*	No. 7†
	a. m.	p. m.	p. m	.....
Toledo Lv	8 00	1 50	7 45	.....
Oak Harbor	8 08	2 51	8 44	.....
Fremont.....	9 28	3 18	9 07	.....
Clyde.....	9 42	3 33	9 25	.....
Bellevue	9 57	3 49	9 40	.....
Monroeville,.....	10 02	4 05	10 05	.....
Norwalk	10 23	4 16	10 16	.....
Wellington,.....	11 07	5 08	11 02	.....
Spencer	11 20	5 17	11 11	.....
Lodi	11 37	5 33	11 31	.....
Creston,.....	11 53	5 48	11 47	.....
Orrville,...	12 24 p	6 17	12 17 a	a. m.
Massillon, ...	1 00	6 50	12 50	6 25
Navarre	1 42	.....	.....	6 42
Valley Jct.....	2 13	.....	.....	7 12
Canal Dover.....	2 40	.....	.....	.....
Marietta	7 05	.....	.....	.....
Sherrodsville.....	2 38	.....	.....	7 35
Bowerston,.....	2 51	.....	.....	7 50
Scio.....	3 05	.....	.....	8 08
Jewett	3 18	.....	.....	8 15
Dillonvale.....	4 15	.....	.....	9 12
Warrenton.....	4 33	.....	.....	9 30
Brilliant	4 52	.....	.....	9 52
Mingo Jct.....	5 00	.....	.....	10 00
Steubenville.....	5 10	.....	.....	10 10
Martin's Ferry...	4 58	.....	.....	9 58
Wheeling.....	5 10	.....	.....	1 10

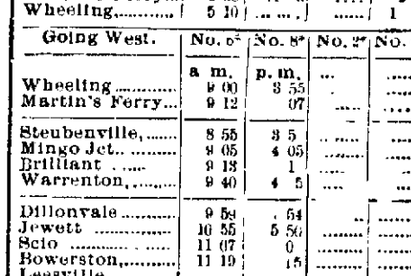
Going West.	No. 6*	No. 8*	No. 2*	No. 4†
	a. m.	p. m.	...	.....
Wheeling	9 00	3 55	...	.....
Martin's Ferry...	9 12	07	.....	.....
Steubenville,.....	8 55	3 5	.....	.....
Mingo Jct.....	8 05	4 05	.....	.....
Brilliant	9 18	1	.....	.....
Warrenton,.....	9 40	4 5	.....	.....
Dillonvale	9 59	54	...	.....
Jewett	10 55	5 56	.....	.....
Scio	11 07	0	.....	.....
Bowerston,.....	11 19	15	.....	.....
Leesville	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sherrodsville.....	11 31	6 29	.....	.....
N. Cumberland..	.....	.....	.....	.....
Valley Jct...	11 50	6 52	.....	.....
Navarre	12 26 p	7 24	a. m.	a. m.
Massillon.....	1 10	7 40	4 45	9 40
Orrville,.....	1 45	.....	5 18	10 16
Creston.....	2 10	.....	5 47	10 47
Lodi	2 32	.....	6 05	11 08
Spencer	2 49	.....	6 19	11 20
Wellington,.....	3 04	.....	6 32	11 38
Norwalk	3 54		7 19	12 15 p
Monroeville,..	4 05	...	7 30	12 26
Bellevue,...	4 21	.....	7 46	12 40
Clyde	4 37	.....	8 01	1 00
Fremont.....	4 55	.....	8 18	1 24
Oak Harbor	5 19	.....	8 42	1 49
Toledo .....Ar	6 20	...	9 45	2 50

Huron Division.

From Norwalk	No 10	From Huron,....	No. 9
	a. m.		p. m.
Norwalk Lv	6 35	Huron,.....Lv	5 30
Milan	6 00	Milan,.....	6 00
Huron.....Ar	6 80	Norwalk.....Ar	6 25

*Daily.—(Trains Nos. 1, 6, 2, 5, 7, 8.
†Daily except Sunday.

JAMES M. HALL,
Gen'l Pass Agt.



THE BEST WASH BLUE IN USE.

THE AMERICAN BALL BLUE

is not poisonous or injurious to health or fabrics. It is the delight of the laundress, aids in bleaching and gives the washing a rich and elegant hue. Beware of imitations. Ask your grocer for the

AMERICAN BALL BLUE

and be sure you get the genuine article, which has a red stripe in the middle of the package.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The intense itching and smarting incident to eczema, tetter, salt-rheum, and other diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples; chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites, and chronic sore eyes. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

Try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders, they are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. The Saltsman Drug Co., Massillon, O.

Where to Go in Summer and How to Get There

The Ocean Resorts

Atlantic City, Cape May, Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, Long Branch, and various resorts along the Jersey Coast are best reached via the Pennsylvania Lines. As the direct route to Newport, Narragansett Pier, Martha's Vineyard, Nantucket and the popular watering places along the Atlantic from Chesapeake Bay to Maine, these lines offer special advantages.

In the Mountains

Cresson, Bedford Springs, Ebensburg, Altoona and other resorts in the Alleghenies are located on the Pennsylvania Lines, which also lead direct to the White Mountains, the Adirondacks, Watkins Glen, Mt. Dessert Island, and places of Summer resort in Eastern New York, Vermont, New Hampshire and Maine.

The Lake Region

The low tourist rate over the Pennsylvania Lines brings Mackinac, Petoskey, Charlevoix, Harbor Springs, Petoskey, Charlevoix, Petoskey, Charlevoix, Mackinac, St. Clair, Muskegon, Traverse City, Michigan City, Sault Ste. Marie, Gogebic, St. Ignace, Petoskey, Au Sable, Iron Mountain and all the romantic resorts of Northern Michigan within reach. The return limit will be ample for an extended sojourn. Tourist tickets will also be sold over these lines to Ashland, Cedar Lake, Devil's Lake, Pelican Lake, Three Lakes, Waukesha and other resorts in the Northwest.

For information concerning rates, time of trains and through car service, please apply to nearest Pennsylvania Ticket Agent, or address J. R. VAN DUSEN, Chief Assistant to the Passenger Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

The Cleveland Terminal & Valley R. R.
Taking Effect November 24, 1895.

NORTH BOUND.

	No. 14.	No. 4.	No. 8.	No. 10.
	A. M.	A. M	A. M	P. M.
Massillon..	5 33	7 30	11 30	3 30
Canton	6 38	8 15	12 33	4 14
Akron	6 22	9 05	1 33	5 04
Cleveland	8 10	10 10	2 55	6 50

SOUTH BOUND.

	No. 1	No. 3.	No. 5.	No. 15
Cleveland	A. M 7 10	A. M 11 00	P. M 3 15	P. M. 6 30
Akron.....	8 27	P M 12 03	4 25	7 31
Canton	9 41	1 08	5 55	8 40
Massillon..	11 10	2 10	6 10	9 15

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.
Ticket office, C. H. Rudolph's Jewelry Store No. 21 East Main street.

CANTON-MASSILLON ELECTRIC R. R.

INTERURBAN DIVISION.

On and after Sunday, June 14, 1896, Interurban trains will leave the Public Square, Canton, for Massillon, and the City Park, Massillon, for Canton, every 30 minutes, as follows:

STANDARD TIME.

5 30 a. m.	11 30 a. m.	5 30 p. m.
6 06 a. m.	12 06 p. m.	6 06 p. m.
6 42 a. m.	12 42 p. m.	6 42 p. m.
7 18 a. m.	1 18 p. m.	7 18 p. m.
7 54 a. m.	1 54 p. m.	7 54 p. m.
8 30 a. m.	2 30 p. m.	8 30 p. m.
9 06 a. m.	3 06 p. m.	9 06 p. m.
9 42 a. m.	3 42 p. m.	9 42 p. m.
10 18 a. m.	4 18 p. m.	10 30 p. m.
10 54 a. m.	4 54 p. m.	

*Daily, except Sunday.

All Massillon trains after 8 a. m. connect for the Lake.

For special service, rates and information, apply to F. H. Killinger, Gen. Agt., Massillon.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWS FROM NEAR BY TOWNS.

LETTER FROM MARSHALLVILLE.

MARSHALLVILLE, July 30.—On account of the wet weather, farmers are enjoying (?) a vacation.

Mrs. Kendig, of Easton, spent Sunday with friends in town.

Willy Sickman, of Alliance has returned home for his summer vacation. He spent Sunday with his friends in town.

R. A. Leisy and C. A. Hinderer, of Wooster, spent Sunday in our little village.

Misses Caroline Halter and Hattie Defenbach attended the festival held on the Methodist church lawn at North Lawrence on Saturday evening.

Miss Emma Slute, together with the Misses Gensemer, attended the ball game at Lawrence on Tuesday. They report a splendid time.

Misses Nellie Prater and Clara Brown, of Lawrence, spent Sunday with friends in town.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Miller, a boy.

Henry Hackman is the father of a ten pound girl.

Married, on Sunday, by the Rev. Blackburn, of Smithville, Miss Clare Deitrick and Benjamin Graber. Their friends join in wishing them a prosperous voyage through life. Both of the happy people are from this place.

Dame Rumor reports another wedding in our vicinity.

The Marshallville band gave an excellent open air concert on Saturday evening. This is the second time our boys occupied their grand new band stand and every one did splendid.

NORTH LAWRENCE AND URBAN HILL.

NORTH LAWRENCE, July 30.—The trustees of the U. B. church are earnestly at work devising ways of securing more funds.

The four-year-old boy of Michael New narrowly escaped being tramped to death by a horse on Saturday. Just as Lew Hippert was driving his horse and cart down the grade north of the railroad crossing, this little tot was crossing the street and got under the horse. It seems the horse had passed over him with hurting him, but on hearing the screams of distress under the cart, Mr. Hippert backed the horse tramping on his head making an ugly gash in the forehead of the boy. It is thought that the skull is not fractured. This should be a warning to parents to keep the little ones off the street.

The suit between C. K. Reinoehl and and the administrators of J. P. Lawrence's estate was postponed until August 1.

J. P. Yockey, of Canal Fulton, made a visit to our town Saturday.

The game between the Minglewoods and the Henrys on Saturday afternoon evoked great enthusiasm. The score was in favor of the Minglewoods

Last week was a good one for our miners.

M. S Kirk, of Akron, came down to join his family at the home of Mathias Daley.

Abraham Hershey, of Elton, died on the morning of July 25, and was buried on the Monday following. He had been a prominent and zealous member of the U. B. church for many years.

N. K. Bowman, D Newstetter and dan. Seevers were in Canton on the 25th

Minnie Peters, John Pollock and D F. Mock took in the Sunday school excursion to Chippewa lake last Wednesday.

A new fraternal order known as the "Knights and Ladies of Security" is being organized in this vicinity. It admits ladies and gentlemen on an equality.

EAST GREENVILLE

EAST GREENVILLE, July 30.—There will be an ice cream festival given by the Sunday school at the M. E. church next Saturday night. Proceeds to go toward paying the children's expenses to the lake for a picnic. The date of the picnic will be announced later.

Edward Davis, who is mine boss at Glenwood came home to spend Sunday with his family.

The farmers in and around our vicinity are greatly discouraged with the outlook for crops, owing to the tremendous rains we are having of late.

Miss Sadie Morris and Miss Mollie Davis, two young ladies of our village, who have been working in Massillon for many months, spent Sunday among their many friends in our town.

Mrs. Miller and family, who moved to our village some time ago, moved back to Newman on Monday, where she expects to spend her future days. The good wishes of her many Greenville friends go with her and her family.

The game of base ball—Dalton vs. Rollies, which was postponed last Saturday on account of a funeral, according to present arrangements, will be played next Saturday at Dalton. It is expected to be a great game, as both teams have determined to play the game of their life, and as both towns have done a great deal of blowing within the last four weeks. It is expected that Dalton will not have much to say about ball after this game. We would like to arrange a game of ball with the Benedicts, of Massillon, in the near future, or any other team who are not yet professionals.

INDIANS ARE STIRRING.

Greatly Excited by the Corn Dance, They Cause Trouble.

WICHITA, Kan., July 29.—The Cheyenne and Arapahoe Indians are becoming restive and trouble is feared. Sixty Ute and Pueblo Indians from Western Colorado, have stirred up a commotion at the reservation by introducing "the corn dance," similar to a ghost dance, and which causes the Indians to become wildly excited.

The visiting Indians evaded Agent Woodson, and for two days gave their new dance in a secluded spot and against his orders. Woodson finally corralled the Colorado Indians and sent them home. For teaching the new dance, the Cheyenne and Arapahoes gave the visiting braves a fine herd of ponies, recently purchased for the Indians for use in cultivating their farms.

Trying to Save Scott Jackson.

FRANKFORT, Ky., July 29.—The papers in the case of Scott Jackson, convicted of the murder of Pearl Bryan, near Fort Thomas, Ky., have been filed in the court of appeals. The court is asked to grant a new trial on the ground of specified errors.

SPAIN OFFERS BIG REWARDS.

New Plan to Catch Filibusters—Immunity Promised Captains.

HAVANA, July 29.—The Official Gazette publishes a decree offering a reward of $24,000 to anyone enabling the Spanish cruisers to effect the seizure of filibustering steamers and offering a further reward of $9,000 to any person enabling the Spanish cruisers to capture filibustering sailing vessels of over 205 tons.

It is added that the captains of filibustering vessels seized will be considered as enjoying immunity.

Pursuing the Outlaws.

HENNESSEY, O. T., July 29.—A number of deputies are still in pursuit of the outlaws who held up and robbed the stage near Lacre. It is stated that two of the registered letters stolen from the mail sack were very valuable.

A Big Offer to Rusie.

HAMILTON, Ont., July 29.—Manager Richardson of the Hamilton baseball team, playing in the Canadian league, has telegraphed a big offer to Amos Rusie, formerly pitcher of the New Yorks.

Treed by a Bull.

DELAWARE, O., July 29.—Otho Williams, a wealthy farmer, went out to salt his cattle on his farm, near Berkshire, when he was attacked by a Jersey bull. The beast compelled him to climb a tree, where he remained for several hours before he could be rescued. The bull belonged to a neighbor, Howard Domigan, and was at once ordered killed.

A German Republican Bureau.

CLEVELAND, July 29.—A special German Republican literary bureau has been organized, with headquarters in Chicago and New York. Mr. Julius Goldschmidt of Milwaukee will have full charge. Mr. Goldschmidt was United States consul general at Vienna under President Harrison.

Cotell In the Penitentiary.

COLUMBUS, July 29.—Romulus Cotell, the Summit county triple murderer, has been received at the penitentiary under sentence to be hanged Nov. 6. He stoutly protests his innocence, despite the confession, made at the time of his arrest.

WOOSTER'S BIG EVENT.

Reduced Rates via Pennsylvania Lines for Wayne County Centennial.

Extensive preparations have been completed for the observance of Wayne's county's centennial anniversary at Wooster during the week of August 11. The event will attract hundreds of former Woosterites and Wayne countians back to this garden spot of the Buckeye state, and an elaborate programme has been arranged for their entertainment. Tuesday, August 11, will be inaugural day, on which agricultural, civic, industrial and military societies and organizations will make a grand parade. Every village, town and township in the county will participate. Wednesday, Aug. 12, will be education day, to be devoted to a convocation of educators and reunions of schools and colleges. Soldiers' day will be observed Thursday, August 13, with a grand military pageant, regimental reunions and camp fires. Friday, August 14, will be given over to the churches and Sabbath schools. Saturday, August 15, the annual pioneer reunion and picnic will be held. The programme will be interspersed with novel amusements and entertainment to please all, with pyrotechnic displays on a large scale. A warm welcome, for which Wooster and Wayne county is noted, will be extended to all visitors. Excursion tickets will be sold August 11, 12, 13 and 14, from Alliance, Crestline and intermediate ticket stations on the Pennsylvania lines, good returning until August 16, inclusive.

Last summer one of our grandchildren was sick with a severe bowel trouble. Our doctor's remedies had failed; then we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which gave very speedy relief. We regard it as the best remedy ever put on the market for bowel complaints.—Mrs. E. G. Gregory, Frederickstown, Mo. This certainly is the best medicine ever put on the market for dysentery, summer complaint, colic and cholera infantum in children. It never fails to give prompt relief when used in reasonable time and the plain printed directions are followed. Many mothers have expressed their sincere gratitude for the cures it has effected. For sale by the Saltsman Drug Company.

For earache, put a couple of drops of Thomas' Electric Oil on a bit of cotton and place in the ear. The pain will stop in a few moments. Simple enough, isn't it?

Are You Tired

All the time? This condition is a sure indication that your blood is not rich and nourishing as it ought to be and as it may be if you will take a few bottles of the great blood purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla Thousands write that Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured them of that tired feeling by giving them rich, red blood

Hood's Pills act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

"Wake up, Jacob, day is breaking!" so said DeWitt's Little Early Risers to the man who had taken them to arouse his sluggish liver. Z. T. Baltzly, G. B. Fulton.

Something to remember, if you're a weak and ailing woman—that there's only one medicine so sure to help you that it was for years sold under a positive guarantee. It's Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. In building up overworked, feeble, delicate women, or in any "female complaint" or weakness, it never fails to benefit or cure. It's an invigorating, restorative tonic, a soothing and strengthening nervine, or nerve food, and a safe and certain remedy for woman's ills and ailments. It regulates and promotes all the proper functions, improves digestion, enriches the blood, dispels aches and pains, brings refreshing sleep, and restores health and strength.

Eli Hill, Lumber City, Pa., writes, "I have been suffering from piles for twenty-five years and thonght my case incurable. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve was recommended to me as a pile cure, so I bought a box and it performed a permanent cure." This is only one of thousands of similar cases. Eczema, sores and skin diseases yield quickly when it is used. Z. T. Baltzly, G. B. Fulton.

NOTHING IN THE NAME.

Camp Bryan Prospers While Camp McKinley is Demoralized.

ZOAR, July 27.—Despite its calamitous name, Camp Bryan continues to prosper, and with such a spirit that heavy rains nor high water can dampen, its constituents go about their multifarious duties and pass the time as enjoyably as though the weather was as it should be. Sunday was reasonably clear and the boys found time to prepare a dinner, the like of which had never before been spread in that vicinity, as well as to entertain a party of visitors. Among the guests were Mrs Frank Daul, Mrs. Mary Wagner, Mrs. Mary Schwerzler, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Grass, Joseph Seifert and Walter List.

Camp McKinley has come to grief. Three of the boys were hunting the other day when they came across some barn yard fowls. In some unaccountable manner a gun was discharged, a chicken dropped and they were running for dear life to escape the irate farmer.

Down to the water's edge they ran and as their seemed to be no alternative they plunged into it. The current was too swift for them to attempt to swim across so they paddled about near the shore until their captor relented and allowed them to land on condition that they leave the neighborbood immediately. They lost no time in following his instructions and they are nearer home by several miles just now.

A party of about a dozen young men of Steubenville are in camp at the second lock and Wheeling citizens to the number of fifty have pitched their tents just below the dam.

As the river recedes fish bite more readily and G W. McDaniels, the reliable fisherman, thinks that with a few days of fair weather fishing will be as it never was before.

G. A. R. AT ST PAUL.

Special Rates via Pennsylvania Lines for National Encampment.

August 30th and 31st and September 1st are the dates upon which low rate round trip tickets to St. Paul will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines, the short route through Chicago. Tickets will be good returning until September 15th, inclusive, and if deposited with the joint agent at St. Paul on or before September 15th the return limit will be extended to include September 30th. The rates for this occasion will be exceptionally low via Pennsylvania Lines, the only system of railways over which trains run from Western Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio and Indiana to Chicago Union Station, the natural gateway from those states to the Northwest. Daily trains from Pittsburg, Columbus, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Louisville make convenient connection at Chicago with St. Paul trains. Arrangements may be made by G. A. R. Posts or parties of friends to travel together on special trains or special cars that will go through from starting point to the encampment without change, if the number justifies it. Information on the subject will be cheerfully furnished by representatives of the Pennsylvania Lines.

FARMERS' EXCURSION.

The Second Annual Excursion to Wheeling, W. Va.

The second annual farmers' excursion to Wheeling, over the C., L. & W. road, will leave this city at 6:52 a. m., Saturday, August 8th, arriving at Wheeling at 10:15. Arrangements have been made for the excursionists to visit Wheeling Park, one of the finest in this country, at greatly reduced rates. A band of music will accompany the excursion. The fare from Massillon and points as far south as New Philadelphia, will be $1.00 for the round trip. From Canal Fulton the fare will be $1.25. Returning, the train will leave Bridgeport at 5 p. m. A special invitation is tendered to Sunday schools. For particulars see small bills.

ALL RAIL ROUTE TO THE SEA.

To Atlantic City Without Transfer via Pennsylvania Lines.

By the opening of the Delaware River Bridge the Pennsylvania Lines have become the only rail route to Atlantic City and the seashore. Transfer of passengers and baggage at Philadelphia via Market Street Ferry and Camden is avoided, as seashore trains of parlor cars and coaches depart from Broad street station, at which passengers from the west over the Pennsylvania Route arrive in that city. Through trains from Chicago, Indianapolis, Columbus, Cincinnati, Pittsburg and intermediate points on the Pennsylvania Lines make convenient connection with the seashore trains For details apply to nearest Pennsylvania Line ticket agent.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised druggist and get a trial bottle, free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of constipation and sick headache. For malaria and liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by Z. T. Baltzly, druggist.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c. per box. For sale by Z. T. Baltzly.

Burdock Blood Bitters never fails to cure all impurities of the blood, from a common pimple to the worst scrofula sores.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cures colds, croup and whooping cough. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. For sale by Saltsman Drug Co.

"Cut Down Expenses."

BattleAx PLUG

A GREAT BIG PIECE FOR 10 CENTS

A woman knows what a bargain really is. She knows better than a man. "BATTLE AX" is selected every time by wives who buy tobacco for their husbands. They select it because it is an honest bargain. It is the biggest in size, the smallest in price, and the best in quality. The 5 cent piece is almost as large as the 10 cent piece of other high grade brands.

MARKET WEAK AND FEVERISH.

Sugar Stocks Lower Than at Any Time Since 1893.

NEW YORK, July 29.—After a weak opening, there was an almost uninterrupted decline in today's stock market. Outside orders could not check its downward course until about noon, when a rally occurred, which was chiefly stimulated by a demand to cover shorts.

The grangers were extremely feverish and unsettled. There were heavy sales of London's favorite, that is L. & N. and St. Paul. There were large selling orders of C. P. Some think stocks good purchase on such breaks as this. The managers of the syndicate held a meeting today and will hold frequent meetings from time to time.

Chicago gas broke from 51 to 49¾; sugar from 101¼ to par, this being the lowest sugar has been since 1893; W. U C. 78 to 77½, rallied near the close. Other stocks showing little strength at close of market.

At Chicago wheat opened a little above the close of yesterday, September at 57¾, December at 60, and gained strength on announcement by New York Herald of a failure of the grain harvest in all sections. Paris cable reads: "Estimates of French wheat are being still further reduced." The highest point of the day for December wheat bring 61⅜, September 59¼. Puts and calls for tomorrow are: puts 58½, calls 60⅛, cash wheat 58½.

Saturday, Aug. 1, will be a holiday in Liverpool grain market.

The further up turn in provisions due to demand from shorts and few buying of September pork by Cudby Brokers. Higher prices are looked for tomorrow.

CHICAGO, July 29.—[By Associated Press]—Hogs, active, lower, $2.50@$3.30; cattle, steady; beeves, $3.20@$4 45; sheep, quiet.

The Massillon Markets.

The following prices are being paid in the Massillon markets for grain and produce on this date, July 30, 1896

GRAIN MARKET.	
Wheat, per bushel (old)	60
Wheat (new)	55
Rye, per bushel	35-38
Oats	16-18
Corn	28-30
Barley	45
Wool	8-12 15
Flax Seed	$1 00
Clover Seed	$4 00
Timothy Seed	$1 25-$1 35
Bran, per 100 lbs	75
Middlings, per 100 lbs	80
Hay, (old)	$10 00-12 00
Hay, (new)	$6 00-$8 00
PRODUCE.	
Choice Butter, per lb	12½-14
Eggs, per dozen	10
Lard, per pound	6
Hams, per lb	10
Shoulders	06
Sides	8
Cheese, per lb	8
White beans, per bushel	$1 25-1 50
Potatoes, new	25
Onions	50
Apples, new	20 25
Peaches per bu	50-75
Evaporated Apples, choice	8-10
Dried Peaches, peeled	12-16
Dried Peaches, unpeeled	4- 5
Salt, per barrel	90-$1 20

A long procession of diseases start from a torpid liver and impure blood. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures every one of them. It prevents them, too. Take it, as you ought, when you feel the first symptoms (languor, loss of appetite, dullness) and you'll save yourself from something serious. In building up, needed flesh and strength, and to purify and enrich the blood, nothing can equal the Discovery. It invigorates the liver and kidneys, promotes all the bodily functions, and brings back health and vigor. For dyspepsia, liver complaint, and all scrofulous, skin and scalp diseases, it is the only remedy that will benefit or cure in every case.

Pass the good word along the line. Piles can be quickly cured without an operation by simply applying DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Z. T. Baltzly, G. B. Fulton.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, July 28.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 61@62c; No. 2 red. 59@60c; spring. 64@65c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow, 34¼@34¾c; No. 2 shell-d, 33¾@33¼c; high mixed shelled, 32½@33c; mixed car, 33@31c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 28@28c¼; No. 2 do, 27¼@27½c; extra No. 3 white, 26@26½c; light mixed, 24¼@25c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, old, $14.50@15.00; No. 2 timothy, old, $12.50@13.00; mixed clover, old, $10.00@11.00; packing, old, $6.50@7.00; No. 1 feeding prairie, old, $8.00@8.50; wagon hay, old, $17.00@18.00 for timothy.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 65@75c per pair, live chickens, small, 50@60c; spring chickens, 25@60c per pair; dressed chickens, 12@13c per pound; dressed spring chickens, 15@16c.

BUTTER—Elgin creamery, 16@17c; Ohio, fancy creamery, 13@14c; fancy country roll, 10@11c; low grade and cooking, 7@8c.

CHEESE—Fancy New York, full cream, 7@7½c; New York flats, cream, 8c; new Ohios, 6½@7c; Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 13@13½c; limburger, 8½@9c; Ohio, Swiss in tubs, 12c; Swiss, in square blocks, 13c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio in cases, 11½@12c; seconds, 9@9½c.

PITTSBURG, July 28.

CATTLE—Receipts fair on Monday, 65 cars on sale; quality only fair; market only fair; today's run light; prices unchanged. We quote: Prime, $4.25@4.30; good, $4.10@4.20; tidy, $4.00@4.10; good butchers, $3.80@4.00; fair, $3.50@3.80; common, $3.00@3.50; rough fat, $3.00@3.50; bulls, stags and cows, $2.00@3.50; heifers, $3.00@4.00; bologna cows, per head, $5.00@15.00; fresh cows and springers, $15.00@40.00.

HOGS—Receipts light on Monday, about 15 cars on sale; market active on prime light, but slow on other grades; today the supply is fair; market slow. We quote prices: Prime light, $3.70@3.75; best medium, $3.60@3.65; heavy hogs, $3.15@3.25; roughs, as to quality and weight, $2 25@3.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply light on Monday: 18 cars on sale; market barely steady and demand light; prices unchanged; today's receipts light market slow. We quote as follows: Prime, $3.65@3.75; good, $3.50@3.60; fair, $3.00@3.30; common, $2.30@2.75; culls, $1.00@2.00; choice lambs, $4.50@4.75; common to good lambs, $3.00@4.00; veal calves, $5.50@5.75; heavy and thin calves, $2.00@3.00.

CINCINNATI, July 28.

HOGS—Market steady at $2.50@3.60. Receipts, 3,000 head; shipments, 1,400 head.

CATTLE—Market steady at $2.25@4.15. Receipts, 300 head; shipments, 300 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market steady at $1.50@3.60. Receipts, 4,400 head; shipments, 1,200 head. Lambs—Market steady at $3.00@5.65.

NEW YORK, July 28.

WHEAT—Spot market weak; No. 1 hard, 67⅞@68¼c f. o. b. afloat.

CORN—Spot market weak; No. 2, 30⅝c.

OATS—Spot market weak: No. 2, 22¼@23c.

CATTLE—No trading. European cables quote American steers at 9¾@10¼c per pound dressed weight; refrigerator beef at 7½@9c per pound.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market quiet and easier. Sheep, poor to prime, $2.00@3.87½. Lambs, common to choice, $3.75@3.85.

HOGS—Market steady at $3.60@4.10.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Persons who have a coughing spell every night, on account of a tickling sensation in the throat, may overcome it at once by a dose of One Minute Cough Cure. Z. T. Baltzly and G. B. Fulton.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed Administrator of the Estate of Peter Kohr, late of Stark County, O., deceased.
Dated the 21st day of July, 1896.
FRANK C. SIBILA,
Administrator.

JOS. HORNE & CO

OUT-OF-TOWN PATRONS

May save price of several trips on a single purchase in this great July

Before Inventory Sale!

No surplus stock to be taken into account—every yard from every department must go without reserve—

High Class Novelty Dress Goods,
Elegant Silks,
Fine American and Imported Wash Goods,
Ready-made Garments.
Millinery,
Men's and Boys' Clothing,
Etc., Etc.

all to go in one grand

Clearance Sale

that will pay you to come hundreds of miles to attend.

A letter to Our Mail Order Department giving suggestion of goods desired, as to material, style and quality, will receive same careful attention as do customers shopping at counters.

PENN AVENUE AND FIFTH STREET
PITTSBURG.

Sheriff's Sale.

John C. Bothwell et. al. vs. David Mathie et. al. } ORDER OF SALE

By virtue of an order of sale in partition issued by the clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction on the premises in Lawrence township, two miles southeast of Canal Fulton, on

Saturday, August 15th, 1896,

the following described real estate to-wit:

Situate in the state of Ohio, county of Stark and township of Lawrence, and being a part of fractional section 23, township 1, range 10, as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of a tract of land conveyed by Weaver, Jarvis & Starkweather to Adam Oberlin, by deed dated May 18, 1839; thence south along said Oberlin line 17 chains, 40 links to a post; thence south 89 degrees, east 22 chains, 16 links along said Oberlin's and John Wagner's line to a post; thence south 83 degrees, east 7 chains, 67 links to a post in the line of John Wagner's land; thence south 1¾ west, about 21 chains and 19 links to the south boundary of said section; thence north 89 degrees, west 4 chains 65 links to the Tuscarawas river; thence upward along the banks of said river to a post at the corner of land purchased by Jacob Hick of John Williams; thence east to the center of the canal; thence down the center of said canal to the road opposite Jacob Hick's land; thence north 75 degrees, east 10 chains, 20 links along said Hick's line to a post; thence north 63 degrees, east 6 chains along said Hick's land to a post; thence north 75 degrees, east 4 chains, 25 links to the place of beginning; excepting therefrom 35 acres sold off the east part of said premises by John Schilling to Peter Mathie and recorded in volume 61, page 1 of the deed records of Stark county. Said premises above described after deducting said 35-acre tract containing 18.11 acres of land.

Also the following described premises, situate in the township of Lawrence, county of Stark and state of Ohio, and known as being part of east fractional section 1, Township 1, Range 10, Stark County, Ohio, beginning on the north line of 80 acres of land deeded to said Samuel Duck by Thomas Kirk, by deed bearing date April 10, 1806; a stone in the center of the Fulton road from which corner the following hearth was taken to-wit: A white oak tree 8 inches in diameter, south 88 degrees, east 42 links; thence from said stone north 88 degrees, west 30 chains, 23 links to a stone near the canal; thence south 17½ degrees, east 2 chains and 50 links; thence south 21½ degrees, east 3 chains; thence south 29¼ degrees, east 7 chains; thence south 36½ degrees, east 2 chains; thence north 75 degrees, east 9 chains and 50 links; thence north 89 degrees east 6 chains; thence north 75 degrees east 8 chains; thence north 78½ degrees, east 8 chains and 50 links to a stone in the crossroads; thence north 41½ degrees west 4 chains and 50 links to the place of beginning, containing 16.10 acres, be the same more or less, but subject to all legal highways; excepting from the premises last above described a four acre tract sold by Peter Mathie to James L. McCurdy, trustee, and recorded in Vol. 114, page 194 of the Deed Records of Stark County. Also excepting a tract containing 2½ acres sold by Pero Mathie to The Crawford Coal Company and recorded in Vol. 133, page 237 of the Deed Records of Stark County. The entire premises above described containing about 87 71-100 acres of land more or less after deducting the lands described in the exceptions.

Appraised at Four Thousand Dollars.

Terms—One-third cash, one-third in one year and one-third in two years, with interest and notes secured by mortgage on the premises.

Sale to commence at 1:30 o'clock p. m.

DAY, LYNCH & DAY, HIRAM DOLL, Sheriff.
Attorneys.

Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO, } ss.
STARK COUNTY,

Solomon Simon, Trustee, vs. Michael Burke, et. al. } Order of Sale

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction at the door of the court house, in the city of Canton,

Saturday, August 29th, 189

the following described real estate, to-wit:

Situated in the village of Navarre, County of Stark, State of Ohio, and described as follows: Beginning at the southwest corner of Lot No. 33 in the town of Navarre, the east 66 feet; thence north to the south line of the Connotton Valley R. R.; thence southwestwardly and along the south line of said railroad to the east side of Main street; thence south and along Main street to the place of beginning.

Also, situated in the Township of Bethlehem and County of Stark, State of Ohio, and known as the south half of lot No. 81, in the town of Bethlehem, now Navarre, incorporated as recorded in the plat of said town and recorded in the recorder's office of Stark county.

Also the following described lands in Stark county, Ohio, to-wit: And known as a certain lot of ground in the original town of Rochester, now in the incorporated village of Navarre, with the appurtenances; which said lot is now designated on the map of said town as recorded in the recorder's office of said Stark county by number 54.

First tract—Lot No. 33, appraised at $65
Second tract—Lot No. 81, appraised at $
Third tract—Lot No. 54, appraised at $7
Terms—Cash.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a. m.

HIRAM DOLL, Sheriff.
CLARK, AMBLER & CLARK, Attorneys.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed Administrator de bonis non with will annexed, of the estate of Charles J. Bamm late of Stark County, Ohio, deceased.
Dated the 6th day of July, 1896.
LAFAYETTE WONDER,
Administrator, de bonis non with will annexed.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of James Pa late of Stark county, Ohio, deceased.
Dated the 13th day of July, 1896
FRANK C. SIBILA,
Administrator.

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